

The Times-Democrat.

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PRICE THREE CENTS.

GREECE SAYS ENOUGH.

Overwhelmed With Defeats She Is Ready to Quit.

APPLICATION IN WRITING.

The Powers Through Representatives at Athens Have Been Brought by King George With a View of Obtaining Mediation.

Athens, May 10.—A correspondent learns that Greece has made a written application to the powers through their representatives at Athens with a view of obtaining mediation.

All the representatives have promised in their replies to use their best offices except the German minister, who has merely announced the receipt of the note from the cabinet.

The Porte is inclined to support the powers, with a view to the facilitation of negotiations, but it declines to consent to an armistice, on the ground that this would enable Greece to reorganize her forces.

As a matter of fact Turkey continues to send troops from Salonica homeward, and it is probable that Osman Pasha has returned to Constantinople from Salonica. In view of both facts it may be assumed that nothing serious is expected, but the continuance of a state of war is regarded as the very best means of hastening the efforts of diplomacy.

Without doubt, hopes have been raised in Turkey that the Ottoman government might annex Thessaly and restore the old frontier of 1831, but the Sultan is not inclined to risk such a step.

On the contrary, he opposes it uncompromisingly and will not yield to the pressure of the war party at Constantinople. He will be satisfied with a reasonable indemnity and a slight rectification of the eastern Thessalian frontier, such a one as would give Turkey several strategic points in the vicinity of Nezeros.

A dispatch from Lamia says that Crown Prince Constantine is still at Domokos and that General Smolenski is at Myros. Ricotti Garibaldi and the Italian volunteers have arrived at the Atmyros. The dispatch says that the exodus of inhabitants from Domokos, Lamia and the surrounding country continues. Greek torpedo boats still patrol the Gulf of Volo. It is probable that more fighting will occur at Domokos.

The telegraph is working to Domokos and the latest dispatch from that point says that the Turks are half way between Pharsalos and Domokos and are believed to be planning an attack upon the latter. The Turks do not molest the inhabitants of the villages they have occupied, but they have burned houses and plundered several churches at Pharsalos.

In the course of an interview Colonel Vassos said: "The union between Crete and Greece is now an actual fact, and nothing is lacking but the consent of Europe. The foreign admirals recently asked my authority to advance their troops in Crete beyond the zone previously occupied. The powers may do what they like. The union of Crete and Greece is inevitable and a necessity."

It is reported in official circles that Queen Olga has sent a telegram to the czar soliciting the mediation of Russia.

FLAG OF TRUCE.

Edhem Pasha Announces That He Will Protect Inhabitants of Volo.

Volo, May 10.—Edhem Pasha sent a flag of truce with a proclamation that he would protect all inhabitants remaining in the town.

In the principal street an immense crowd gathered with anxious, untiring faces, listening eagerly to the reading of the proclamation which was to decide their fate. When the reading was finished a murmur of intense relief was heard throughout the dense throng, quickly followed by frantic shouts of "Long live the Sultan!"

But there still remained cause for the most serious anxiety, for the question was then whether the Greek admiral, whose ships were lying off the town and in plain sight, would accept Edhem Pasha's terms. A single gunshot from the fleet would have compelled the Turks to treat Volo as hostile.

Three newspaper men were appointed a deputation to go on board the flagship and get the admiral's reply. They bore a white flag. At the quay, however, they were met by the captains of the foreign warships with a written communication from the admiral saying that he intended to remain in front of the town until assured that it would be occupied quietly.

To this the Turkish commander replied that only one battalion would enter the town, the main army going into camp outside, and he again requested that the Greek fleet be withdrawn, as otherwise he could not be responsible for what might occur.

POWERS REQUESTED.

To Allow Their Admirals In Cretan Waters to Embark Troops.

Athens, May 10.—The government has addressed a request to the powers to allow their admirals in Cretan waters to permit the Greek warships to

embark the troops that have been recalled. The government explains the recall is due to the urgent need of men for the defense of Thessaly.

The latest news from the front is that General Smolenski is now with the Greek forces at Perseph, where he is expecting a fresh attack.

M. Skouloudis, the Greek minister of foreign affairs, said in an interview that he expects many difficulties will be encountered in the peace negotiations.

The report that the crown prince is going to Berlin is not confirmed.

Volo Is Abandoned.

Volo, May 10.—As the result of the proclamation of Edhem Pasha promising to protect the inhabitants and to use only one battalion as the occupying force, on condition that the Greek fleet be withdrawn, the Greek admiral has been ordered to leave forthwith. Volo has been occupied by a Turkish force of 6,000.

Recall Cretan Army.

Athens, May 10.—So great is the change in public sentiment that no opposition whatever is provoked by the decision to recall the army from Crete. King George, who was believed to be unapproachable on this subject, has finally yielded with good grace.

Will Increase Troops.

Constantinople, May 10.—The Turkish military commissioners held a prolonged conference with the Sultan at the yildiz kiosk and decided to increase the troops in European Turkey to 432,000 men, a decision ratified by the Sultan.

Crown Prince Criticized.

Velestino, May 10.—When the troops here heard of the retreat from Pharsalos they pronounced it a betrayal. Certainly it is unfortunate that Crown Prince Constantine should a second time be obliged to begin a retreat.

Women and Children.

Athens, May 10.—The Greek western squadron has rescued large numbers of women and children from villages along the Epirus coast threatened by the Turks.

Turkey Wants Her Share.

Constantinople, May 10.—Turkey will certainly claim a fair allowance of the rights of a victor and in this claim she will be supported by Russia and Germany.

Suffocated at Sea.

New York, May 10.—The Mallory line steamship Leona, bound from this port for Galveston, put back, arriving at her dock about 9 p. m., almost completely destroyed by fire. The fire made such rapid headway that before the passengers in the steerage could be awakened 13 of them were suffocated and died.

Convict Attempts Suicide.

Columbus, O., May 10.—Thomas Ryan, a Lucas county prisoner at the penitentiary, made a funnel out of paper, placed it over his mouth and then turned on the gas. He was unconscious when found.

Contractor For New Jail.

Cadiz, O., May 10.—B. M. Long was awarded the contract for building the new \$10,000 county jail.

Indicted For Arson.

Hamilton, O. Robert Reynolds and four others were indicted for arson.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Winners and Losers in the Great National Game—The Standing.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Baltimore	11	2	.846
Pittsburgh	8	3	.727
Louisville	8	4	.666
Cincinnati	7	6	.537
Philadelphia	8	6	.571
New York	6	5	.545
Cleveland	7	6	.537
Boston	5	7	.416
Brooklyn	4	9	.307
Chicago	4	10	.285
St. Louis	4	9	.307
Washington	3	8	.272

National League.

AT CHICAGO.	R. H. E.
Chicago	10 10 2 1 0 0 0 5 10 3
Cincinnati	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 2 9 0

Batteries—Striff and Klitzberg; Elbert and Peltz. Umpires—O'Day and McDonnell.

AT ST. LOUIS.

AT ST. LOUIS.	R. H. E.
Louisville	0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 4 11 1
St. Louis	1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2 8 0

Batteries—Hill and Wilson; Esper and McFarland. Umpire—Sheridan.

Western League.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 4; Detroit, 6.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 4; St. Paul, 9.
At Columbus—Columbus, 6; Indianapolis, 6; 10 innings.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 6; Kansas City, 4.

Interstate League.

At Toledo—Toledo, 17; Youngstown, 0.
At Dayton—Dayton, 3; Newcastle, 4.

Saturday's Games.

At Detroit—Detroit, 12; Columbus, 9.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 16; Kansas City, 6.
At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 2; Indianapolis, 7.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 2; Baltimore, 4.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 7; Chicago, 2.
At Louisville—Louisville, 2; St. Louis, 4.
At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 9; Cincinnati, 1.
At New York—New York, 9; Brooklyn, 5.
At Boston—Boston, 10; Washington, 10.

The Weather.

For West Virginia—Showers and thunderstorms; slightly cooler; southerly winds, becoming westerly.

For Ohio—Showers, followed by clearing weather; brisk westerly winds.

For Indiana—Showers; warmer; northerly winds, becoming variable.

NO DEFINITE PROGRAM.

Uncertainty as to What Senate Will Do This Week.

THAT CUBAN RESOLUTION.

Senators Morgan and Hale Will Have a Tussle Over Its Disposition—The Former Will Urge Its Speedy Adoption.

Washington, May 10.—There is no certainty as to the line of proceeding in the senate during the present week. The Morgan Cuban resolution probably will be taken up and it may lead to a prolonged and spirited debate. Senator Morgan is quite determined to press the resolution to an issue and Senator Hale just as determined to prevent its passage.

Mr. Hale ultimately will move to refer the resolution to the committee on foreign relations, and an effort will be made to enlist the friends of the administration against it.

The committee will be filled, but as this will be done on the basis heretofore agreed upon there will be no friction over the proceeding.

The conference report on the Indian appropriation bill may cause some debate, but the probabilities are that the agreement of the conferees will be generally acquiesced in.

PENT-UP WRATH.

Is Liable to Break Forth in the House During the Week.

Washington, May 10.—The house program of three-day adjournments will be suspended this week. The sundry civil appropriation bill has passed the senate and now returns to the house for action on the amendments. The program pursued when the Indian bill came back to the house will probably be followed in the case of the sundry civil.

That is, the amendments will be considered in the house before the bill is sent to conference. There is a good deal of bitter feeling among the house factions which may break out as soon as opportunity for debate is given, and some very lively oratorical displays are expected.

The conference report on the Indian appropriation bill also will be ready for consideration before the week closes. The questions involved in the opening of the Uncompahgre reservation in Utah will of course furnish the main source of contention in the debate on this report.

Schooner Sunk.

Vineyard Haven, Mass., May 10.—The schooner Annie E. Rudolph, from Camden, N. J., for Boston, with iron pipe, was sunk off Nauset, Cape Cod, by collision with the tug Paoli at 3 a. m., and Skipper Captain Gardner, Mate Snell, both of New Jersey, and a seaman were drowned. The tug was uninjured.

Sunday Game Postponed.

Gloucester, May 10.—The game scheduled between the Athletics and Hartford team was not played, the management having decided not to attempt Sunday ball playing during the prevalence of the present opposition by the churchgoing classes.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For May 8. New York.

Beef—Family, \$3 00/10 00; extra mess, \$7 50/8 00; packed, \$8 50/9 00. Cnt meats—Picked bellies, 50c/55c; pickled shoulders, 45c/50c; pickled hams, 90c/95c. Lard—Western steam, \$4 25. York—Old mess, \$8 75/9 50. Butter—Western dairy, 82c/83c; creamery, 14c/15c; do factory, 82c/83c. Cheese—State large, 96c/12c; small, 96c/12c; part skims, 75c/80c; full skims, 25c/30c. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 10c/10c; western fresh, 10c/10c. Wheat—78c/80c. Corn—25c/26c. Rye—37c. Oats—22c/23c.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, \$5 10/5 25; good, \$4 75/4 90; city butchers, \$4 40/4 65; fair, \$4 15/4 30; good heifers, \$3 00/4 25; oxen, \$2 00/4 10; bulls, stags and cows, \$2 00/3 75. Hogs—Prime medium, \$4 15/4 20; best Yorkers, \$4 15; common to fair, \$4 05/4 10; pigs, \$4 00/4 10; heavy, \$3 90/4 00; roughs, \$2 50/3 50. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, choice, \$4 30/4 35; good, \$3 75/4 25; fair, \$3 50/4 05; common, \$2 50/3 00; choice yearlings, \$4 00/4 10; common to good, \$3 50/4 75; lambs, spring, \$5 00/7 00.

Chicago.

Hogs—Light, \$3 80/4 00; mixed, \$3 80/4 00; heavy, \$3 50/3 75; rough, \$3 50/3 75. Cattle—Beefers, \$3 85/5 10; cows and heifers, \$1 90/4 35; Texas steers, \$3 20/4 40; stockers and feeders, \$3 45/4 50. Sheep—Market steady. Wheat—78c/80c. Corn—25c/26c. Oats—17c/18c.

Cincinnati.

Cattle—None on sale. Hogs—Medium and heavy, \$4 00; Yorkers, \$4 10. Sheep and Lambs—Lambs, choice, \$5 25/5 40; fair to good, \$5 00/5 25; culls, \$4 25/4 50; sheep, \$4 25/4 40; mixed wethers, \$4 50/4 75. Calves—Choice, \$4 75/5 00.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 91c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 25c/26c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 21c/22c. Rye—37c/38c. Lard—\$4 30. Bulk meats—\$4 80/4 90. Bacon—\$3 50/3 75. Cattle—\$3 50/4 75. Hogs—\$3 00/4 00. Lambs—\$3 75/5 00.

Baltimore.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 13c/20c. Eggs—Fresh, 10c.

Toledo.

Wheat—93c. Corn—35c.

THE TURNERS.

Doing to Rain They Were Unable to Complete All Contests.

St. Louis, May 10.—The twenty-seventh annual festival of the North American Gymnastic Union, or Turner Band, closed a most successful meeting of four days and prizes were awarded to the victors. Like those given by King George of Greece to the successful competitors in the Olympian games at Athens last year, they consisted of laurel wreaths. Each wreath was tied with a white satin ribbon, inscribed with the words "Twenty-seventh Bundes-Turn Fest, St. Louis, Mo., May 8, 1897." A diploma accompanied each wreath.

The awards were made at Liederkranz hall in the presence of an immense crowd of the disciples of Jahn. Jupiter Pluvius reigned supreme at the fair grounds, but in spite of showers that he poured down there were 25,000 people out to see the sights.

It had been expected to make this the banner day of the festival, but the wet weather caused a curtailment of the program. The mass exercises had to be abandoned, but the competitors in field sports, groups one and two were able to finish. The only event not completed was the 100-yard class races. In these races 52 classes out of several hundred here were unable to run their men because of the wet grounds.

Gratifying Attendance.

Nashville, May 10.—While Governor Taylor refuses to talk for publication concerning the reports that he has decided to resign and that about October he will cease to be governor, it is known that he has so decided and that he told several gentlemen that the reports are correct. About October it is his intention to resign, and it is almost certain that he will again go upon the lecture platform.

One Faction Adjourns.

Kansas City, May 10.—The Courier-Miller factionists of the musicians have adjourned since die in their capacity as the convention of the American Federation of Musicians, but as the National League of Musicians they simply took a recess and remained to carry on the war with the Bremer-Rube faction. The issue now hinges on the injunction decision of Judge Stover.

Suicide of a Veteran.

Kansas City, May 10.—Major Henry McNamara, a veteran of the Fenian army that invaded Canada in 1866 and again in 1870, and who was later prominent in the Invincibles, the Clan-na-Gael and kindred Irish societies, killed



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himself rather than suffer the disgrace of being sued for a \$20 debt. An acquaintance who had loaned him the money threatened arrest if it were not paid.

Governor Taylor Will Resign.

Nashville, May 10.—The first seven days of the centennial exposition showed an attendance of 47,500. While this was gratifying to the management and citizens, the eighth day more than surpassed all expectations. Twenty-six thousand admissions were registered during the day, and nearly 7,000 more than attended on the opening day.

Bishop Consecrated.

Wilmington, Del., May 10.—In the Roman Catholic Pro-cathedral of St. Peter the Right Rev. James J. Monaghan was consecrated bishop of the diocese of Wilmington. His eminence James Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore officiated.

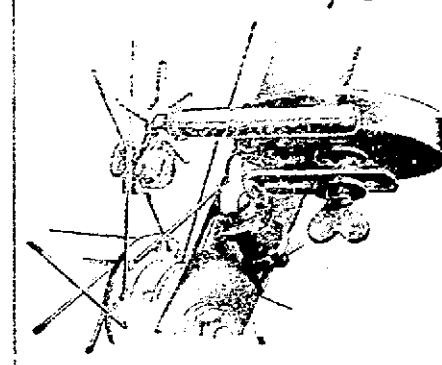
Instructions to Umpires.

Washington, May 10.—President Nick Young of the National Baseball league has issued a circular letter to league umpires instructing them to enforce rule 22 to prevent balks.

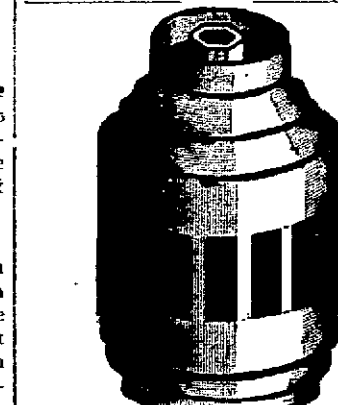
Nellie Moon's Death.

Indianapolis, May 10.—Nellie Moon, confined in the Convent of the Good Shepherd, is dead of injuries received while attempting to escape. She is 22 years old, but beyond this nothing is known of her history. It appears that some of the girls in the institution conspired to escape, and Nellie led the way by leaping from the second story window.

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Volume Intended Chiefly as a Memorial for the Writer's Children—A Strong Personal Quality Pervades the Narrative—New Lights on Familiar Topics.

Mrs. U. S. Grant has written a book. The book is one that will prove of more than ordinary interest to the reading public. It is not so much the chronicle of the life of a great American soldier and statesman as it is that of a tender, womanly heart telling its story of the life lived with the man she loved all the years of her life.

It is the home story of General and Mrs. Grant as it has never been told before. When General Grant in his famous book touched upon his courtship and married life with the woman whose image lived warm in his heart to the end of his days, it was but brief, snatching glimpses at best of that subject in which readers are always interested.

In Mrs. Grant's book the real inner nature of the great general will for the first time come to be known. The book is one written for her own pleasure in the subject, first and foremost. After that it has been compiled for her children and grandchildren to preserve for the value of new lights thrown on historic events and deeds with which the public was long ago familiar from the historian's standpoint. This time it will be the woman's view of these things that will come to light. It will be the proud wife who comes before the public in these pages to tell of the tenderness that underlay the strength of her husband's character.

With the accounts of the battles famous in the history of this country, when the United States was in the throes of the civil war, Mrs. Grant will tell of the general's conversation with her. There will be extracts from letters received from him when it so happened that she could not follow him in the vicissitudes of war, when there was truly no place for her in the tented quarters in which he was compelled to live.

The life in the White House and the tour of the world will come in for their share of mention, and through it all will run that vein of strong personality that is so indissolubly a part of the writer.

Mrs. Grant, when asked recently concerning her forthcoming book, replied pleasantly with a smile:

"Yes, it is true I have written a book, but have decided nothing as yet in regard to the publishers. Perhaps I shall not have it published at all. My children will, you say? Yes, I suppose so. The book is for them. They can do as they wish in the matter. I write solely for my own pleasure, never for publication in any paper or magazine."

"I have been gradually getting it together for years. While it deals with the general's career as a soldier and statesman, of course, the reason that underlies everything else has been to enable my children to have that true insight into their father's character that I alone could give them. I have not yet decided anything about the title."

Mrs. Grant is an earnest, graceful writer, with a keen sense of humor and a happy faculty of narrating briefly, at the same time selecting the expressions best adapted to conveying her meaning. Much of the book was first compiled in the form of a fragmentary diary, kept from time to time during many years past, the sentences flowing in easy fashion, generally in a conversational style, as of an interesting person, with well stored mind, telling to those clustered about her a story the charm of which lingers long in the mind after the voice of the narrator has ceased.—New York Journal.

BUZZARD AND WOODCHUCK.

Pennsylvania Farmers Welcome the One and Dread the Other.

The slow sailing turkey buzzard and the burrowing woodchuck are creatures that haunt every Chester county farm. The visitations of the former are encouraged, those of the latter made subject for imprecation, and meanwhile both increase and multiply. Up in Bucks county, not more than 30 miles distant from Chester, the buzzard and the woodchuck are comparatively unknown, and the farmer goes about his business from one year's end to the other without a glimpse of either, so hard and fast are the lines which restrict their habitats.

About two years ago a woodchuck did stray into Bucks from somewhere and was caught by a farmer named Detweiler, living a few miles north of Doylestown. Its captor could not name it. Neither could his neighbors. Getting an idea that the little animal was of some rare species, Detweiler took it to the express office to send it to the zoo. He was saved the trouble by a man familiar with woodchucks, who happened to see it in the box ready for shipment.

Buzzards are seen somewhat more frequently, especially in the lower end of the county. They never, however, appear in any numbers. The carrion they crave is seldom left unburied, and there is nothing to attract them. The ground as a rule is level, not affording the deserted, rocky spots in which they build their nests. It is a rare thing to see one of the big birds in its smooth, graceful flight and still rarer to find one that has alighted. Not many miles to the south is

the border line beyond which buzzards are so common that they attract no attention. That they do not drift over is remarkable, considering that they can and often do fly a couple of hundred miles in a day. The Chester county farmer and his neighbor in Delaware county accept their presence as a matter of course and even look upon them as a necessity for doing scavenger duty. The horse, cow or pig that dies on the farm is hauled out into a field, where in a few days only a skeleton is left to show that the buzzards have performed their office. Flocks of several hundred join in the feast on a single animal and when stuffed to repletion stay lazily around in the vicinity for the best part of a week until the effects of their gluttony wear off. However repulsive they may appear, they are not disturbed, for their services are really valuable, and people see to it that the law which protects them is rigidly enforced.

The scent, eyesight or instinct, whatever it may be, that draws them to the place where carrion is exposed is wonderfully developed. Within an hour or two from the time when a body is put out, though there may not be a buzzard in sight, they appear from all directions, circling round and round and gradually drawing nearer. They never hurry, but settle slowly down on the spot. To those first arrived others are constantly added until the carcass is no more.

The other habitue of Chester county, the woodchuck, seems out of place there. His family is seldom encountered so far south except in mountainous districts, but the big hills in Chester give him a refuge. As the soil is cultivated he gains a firmer hold and revels in the clover fields. Attempts to drive him out are fruitless, for he glides into his burrow at the mere suspicion of danger. In the country between Chester and Northampton counties he is little known, but northward his domain extends into and throughout New England.—Philadelphia Record.

CUNNING WILD TURKEYS.

Their Ways With the More Cunning Wildcat and the Less Cunning Hawk.

"It is curious how a wildcat gets the best of young wild turkeys," said a native of the Juniata valley, in the mountains overlooking which the wild turkey still finds secure covert and congenial environment. "The wild turkey is about as wary a thing as lives, whether it is young or old, and the wildcat knows it. As soon as a brood of young turkeys are big enough and strong enough to be turned adrift by their mother to earn their own living the wildcat's mouth begins to water for them and he brings his cunning in play to capture them. He needs his cunning, too, for the young turkeys, although they cannot fly yet, can run faster than a deer, and their habit of hiding themselves at the faintest suspicion of danger—and they are always on the sharp lookout for danger—is as inviolable as that of the young grouse and quail. A wildcat stands but little chance of catching a young wild turkey by crouching on a limb and pouncing down upon it, as the suspicious fowl surveys its surroundings on every side and above and below with every step it takes and every mouthful it eats. It has to be a more than wary beast that takes it by surprise.

"But the wildcat has tactics. Discovering a brood of young turkeys, he knows that there is no use trying to keep his proximity a secret, so he takes pains to let the turkeys see him stealing along in their rear. That hurries the flock onward, but the birds presently stop and look back to see if the enemy is still in pursuit. The wildcat keeps himself in sight, but always comes into view of the turkeys as sneaking out of a hiding place. He does this three or four times, and then disappears in the forest? He has satisfied himself as to the exact direction the flock will keep and has left on their suspicious natures the impression that he is on their trail. Believing that the foe is creeping in the rear, the turkeys are on the alert in that direction particularly. The wildcat knows his business, and, making a circuit of the woods, he comes out far ahead of the turkeys right in the path they are feeding along and bides himself behind a log, a rock or any obstacle near which the turkeys will pass, still guarding cautiously their rear. The flock feed on their way. They reach the spot where their unsuspected foe is lying in wait. Suddenly there is a spring, a scuffle, a faint gobble and a scattering of the brood, and away bounds the wildcat with one of the number for his dinner.

"During the fallow period of the turkey hen's brood the mother turkey constantly watches for and instantly warns the chicks against another ruthless foe. This is the chicken hawk. It is wonderful how quickly the hen turkey detects the

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coming of the hawk. She discovers it nearly as soon as the hawk, in his soaring place among the clouds, has got his eye on her and her brood. While the hawk is dropping down upon them the old turkey utters a sharp and peculiar cry, and instantly every chick either scampers to a hiding place or falls over on the ground and simulates death as perfectly as the possum ever did. The preying chicken hawk will dine on nothing but what he captures alive and kills. How the young turkeys know that is more than any one can say, but it is evident that they do know it. If they are true to their instinct and remain as they fall until the mother gives them the signal that all is well, the hawk, seeing nothing but dead game, as he supposes, will sail away again. The mother will not give the signal to her brood that all is well until the hawk is out of sight, and then at the click up will jump every chick. It sometimes happens that a chick is impatient and attempts to run things itself, coming to life before it gets the word from its mother. The chick that does so is lost, for the hovering hawk will have its talons on it almost instantly, although the chick has quickly obeyed a second order from its mother in the bushes and died again.—New York Sun.

Hot Drinks For Thirst.

It is a mistake to suppose that cold drinks are necessary to relieve thirst. Very cold drinks, as a rule, increase the feverish condition of the mouth and stomach and so create thirst. Experience shows it to be a fact that hot drinks relieve the thirst and "cool off" the body when it is in an abnormally heated condition better than ice cold drinks. It is far better and safer to avoid the use of drinks below 60 degrees. In fact, a higher temperature is to be preferred, and those who are much troubled with thirst will do well to try the advantages to be derived from hot drinks, instead of cold fluids, to which they have been accustomed. Hot drinks also, have the advantage of aiding digestion, instead of causing debility of the stomach and bowels.—New York Ledger.

A Defense of Tea.

Florence Nightingale has come to the defense of tea in print. She thinks there is altogether too much said against tea drinking, and says she would be very glad if "any of the tea abusers would point out what to give to an English patient after a sleepless night instead of tea. It is the almost universal testimony of English men and women," she continues, "who have undergone great fatigue, such as riding long journeys without stopping or sitting up for several nights in succession, that they could do it best on an occasional cup of tea and nothing else."—New York Post.

The largest proportion of single persons is found in Ireland and Scotland and the smallest in the United States. In Ireland, 67 per cent; in Scotland, 65 per cent, but in the United States only 59 per cent are in that condition.

Lock the Door

Before the horse is stolen. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood and build up your physical system before sickness comes. Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you strong and vigorous and will expel from your blood all impurities and germs of disease. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild. 25 cents.

It May Save Your Life.

A dose or two of Foley's Honey and Tar will prevent an attack of pneumonia, grip or severe cold if taken in time. Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, LaGrippe, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Incontinent Consumption, Asthma or Bronchitis. Gives positive relief in advanced stages of Consumption, Asthma or Bronchitis. Guaranteed. H. F. Vorkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

Cured in One Night.

Charles H. Connell, Esq., leading lawyer of York, Pa., says: "Your Brazilian Balm cured me of one of the worst colds I ever experienced, in one night. I think it the greatest medicine in the market, and you can use my name any way you like."

LONDON'S FIRE FIGHTERS.

The Brigade Greatly Favored by Nature and the Building Laws.

The London fire brigade is greatly favored by nature and the building ordinance. A humid atmosphere does not inspire a fire to its most instant and splendid exploits, and stone, brick and tiled edifices are rather tenacious of life. Therefore it may be said that London fires are slow burning, and for that reason the deliberately acting fire brigade is enabled to keep up its reputation for efficiency, which seems to be governed less by a desire to extinguish flames than by a purpose to keep them from spreading. That which is particularly lamentable is the extraordinary peril to life occupants of a burning structure have to encounter in their efforts to escape. In two instances within a year that came under my own observation the buildings were of three stories, respectively, so substantially built of brick that the four walls of each were left intact, though everything between them was consumed. In each case four persons were burned to death because the narrow staircase, the only avenue of escape, was shut off, and the fire brigade was too late in getting its ladders into service. I don't believe there is ever the saving of life by means of those canvas receivers which in the United States enable persons hemmed in to leap from windows. And as for fire escapes attached to lofty buildings, London is without evidence of their existence.

Within the county limits of London, some 75,442 statute acres, there is a population of, in round numbers, 4,500,000. To fire guard the immense territory there is a brigade of 842 firemen, 25 men under instruction, 17 pilots and 76 coachmen. There are 58 land fire coachmen. There are 58 land fire engine stations, 5 river stations, 3 substations, 13 street stations, 57 land steam fire engines, 9 steam fire engines on barges, 77 manual engines, 115 hose carts, 37 miles of hose, 8 steam tugs, 13 barges, 246 fire escapes and 580 call posts. The average number of men available for duty is 652 by day and 388 by night.

In the majority of London houses there is but one stairway, and that a narrow one. There is no emergency exit or escape, and the thought of provision to insure safety in the event of a fire seems never to have entered the mind of a builder. That the fire escapes furnished at the eleventh hour by the firemen are to a large extent mockeries is proved by the proportion of 106 fatalities to 122 "serious" fires. An economic conservatism is largely contributory to the fire risks of London, where a cheap mineral oil is chiefly used in lighting. Lamps are in common use where a brighter illumination than candles afford is desired. There is a pretense of gas in most of the better sort of houses, but mineral oil lamps predominate even there, and in the great majority of lodging houses gas is used only on the drawing room and dining room floors. Electric lights are coming into service very slowly, and only at that rate because of the growing influence of Americanism. But candles and lamps are still the main opponents of darkness in London houses, as throughout the rest of England. Their utility in support of the fire brigade or in supplying it with reason for existence is considerable when weighed against other causes of fires. Out of the total 3,616 fires candles may claim the credit for 206 and mineral oil lamps 399 among ascertained causes, and probably a fair proportion of the 889 "unknown" causes.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Her Letter and the Answer.

"Would you be kind enough to return my photograph?" she wrote. "I gave it to you in a moment of girlish folly, and I have since had occasion to regret that I was so thoughtless in such matters."

Of course she pictured that photograph framed and hung up in his room and was inclined to think that he would part with it with deep regret. Just why she wanted it returned is immaterial. Of course he had offended her in some way, but it is unnecessary to inquire how.

The reply to her note came the following day. "I regret," it read, "that I am unable at this late date to pick out your photograph. However, I send you my entire collection, numbering a little over 600, and would request that you return all except your own by express at my expense."—Chicago Post.

How the Went.

The admiral is paying a semi-official visit to one of the battleships and has signalled to the flagship for his flag lieutenant to come to him. The flag lieutenant, dubious as to the correct dress, goes in quest of the cabin door sentry (a marine). "Sentry, did the admiral go away in his cocked hat?" "Sentry—No, sir, in his steam launch. Collapse of Flag Jack.—London Answers.

It isn't fair

the way the work of the human race is proportioned out and distributed. Look at the house-drudgery of women. Compare it in its hardness and weariness with the occupations of most men!

The only way out of it is to use

Pearline.

Use Pearline,

and take the drudgery away from

housework.

Pearline makes woman's work

womanly and healthful and fit for her

to do. All the washing, all the cleaning,

and hundreds of other things

besides, are made easy with Pearline.



Millions NOW USE Pearline

France and Her Peculiar Position.

France is placed in a rather peculiar position. On the continent she must concentrate her defensive forces against the steady danger from Germany, without, however, neglecting Italy, which is to be feared above all from the sea. Besides, on account of the position of her coast, she finds herself, so to speak, within the range of England's guns, and therefore obliged to anticipate the interference of this last power, under the penalty of falling at any moment into a position almost desperate if attacked by all.

The French navy may play a more important part in the next war than many people are willing to imagine. At the outset the French fleet appears in the Mediterranean as the right flank of the French army, this latter presenting a front from the Vosges to the maritime Alps against an Italo-German invasion. It represents meanwhile in the North sea and the Baltic the left flank of that immense strategic deployment which, overflowing the continents, extends the battlefields beyond the coasts.

But the mere conception of such an extension of the French naval forces necessarily implies an English neutrality. If this neutrality should fail—if, as she did a century ago, England should join the continental coalition—France would find herself suddenly thrown into such peril that there would appear to be no hope of her ultimate success.—M. Georges Clemenceau in North American Review.

Most Mothers Know It.

Babies are always suffering from flatulency, wind-colic and griping, which, by distending their little bowels, make them draw up their tiny legs and cry for pain. To relieve the infant of this discomfort, expel the wind, soothe his little bowels and induce refreshing slumber, give Dr. John W. Bull's Baby Syrup, a most efficacious, yet harmless medicine for all baby disorders. "I have used Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup for eight years. It has given perfect satisfaction every time. I would not be without it in the house. It is the best remedy in the market for babies." Mrs. James Truckey, Day City, Mich. Dr. John W. Bull's Baby Syrup costs 25 cents at all dealers. Remember, ask for Dr. John W. Bull's Baby Syrup.

On oath.

Attorney—Let me ask you, sir, how many secret societies you belong to?

Witness—What has that to do with this case?

Attorney—Never mind what. I insist on knowing.

Witness—Do I have to answer that question, your honor?

The Court—It can do no harm. I think you may answer it.

Witness—Well, I belong to three.

Attorney—What are they?

Witness—The Odd Fellows.

Knights of Pythias and a gas company.—Chicago Tribune.

Mother Almost Worn Out—Hands

Colic Cure Gave Instant Relief.

BELL BROOK, O., March 25, '96.—Dr. Hand—"I received your sample bottle of Colic Cure and was never so glad in my life. My baby had the wind colic ever since she was born and I was almost worn out. I gave her a dose without my husband's knowledge and it gave her instant relief, and she has not been the least trouble since I gave her the first dose. I would not be without it for anything. I will recommend your Colic Cure to every mother. Mrs. J. O. Wade." Sold by all druggists, 25c.

Had Catarrh 36 Years.

Josiah Bacon, conductor on the P. W. & B. R. R., says: "I had suffered with catarrh for 36 years and regarded my case as hopeless. One day I saw the testimonial of Geo. H. Hearn in a Brazilian Balm circular. Hearn was the engineer on my train and I knew his case was desperate. I talked with Hearn and his cure gave me hope. I began the use of the Balm at once. There was not much change for the first two months but then I began to improve and in six months, to my inexpressible satisfaction, I was entirely cured."

Notice.

The stockholders of The Lima Northern Railway Company will take notice that a meeting of said stockholders has been called by the Board of Directors, and will be held at the company's office in Lima, Ohio, on Thursday, April 29, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of acting upon a proposition and resolution to sell the railroad and other property of this company, of every kind and description, to The Detroit and Lima Northern Railway Company. Upon application or any stockholder, a copy of the resolution will be furnished to him, and the details of the proposition will be fully explained at the meeting and in advance to any stockholder upon application to any stockholder.

By order of the Board of Directors. W. O. BROWN, Secretary.



Excursions via C., H. & D. R. E. R. Co.

Sunday, May 16th.

From Lima to Cincinnati and return. Great game of ball, Louisville vs. Cincinnati. Special train leaves Lima at 8:30 a. m., C. H. & D. R.

Excursion to Chillicothe.

Agents of the C. H. & D. Railway in Ohio will sell tickets to Chillicothe and return on account of the annual encampment G. A. R., Department of Ohio. Good going June 14, it and a good return until June 19, at 10c per mile for the round trip, short line distance.

The C. H. & D. Railway

is now making very low rates to Nashville, Tenn., on account of the great excitement. Tickets good until November 1th to return. \$1.50; tickets good to return 21 days from date, \$1.25; tickets on sale every Tuesday, at 10c per mile, good to return 10 days from date, \$1.00.

Cincinnati and Return

Only \$1.00 Sunday, May 16th, via C. H. & D. Railway.

WARM WINTER.

Louisville vs. Cincinnati. Special train will leave at 8:30 o'clock.

C. H. & D. R. Excursion to Columbus.

On account of High School Day, Ohio State University, agents of the C. H. & D. R. within 100 miles of Columbus, will sell tickets to Columbus and return at one fare for the round trip on May 21st, good returning up to and including May 22nd.

First Base Ball Excursion

To Cincinnati Sunday, May 16. \$1.00 round trip, Louisville vs. Cincinnati. Special train will leave at 8:30.

Are You Going to Travel This Summer?

If you have decided in the affirmative and wish to obtain a comprehensive idea of the very best summer resorts in the northern United States, the great lake region and Canada, you can obtain satisfactory information by sending in postage stamps to Mr. D. C. Edwards, Passenger Traffic Manager, C. H. & D. R., Cincinnati, Ohio, who will in return send you a copy of "A Michigan Summer," an attractive story by Stanley Waterloo, containing also full information about the summer resorts of the great north. The intelligent traveler will appreciate this work. The C. H. & D. R. have also under preparation another series of books for the coming summer.

Cincinnati Excursion.

Sunday, May 16, via C. H. & D. R. Only \$1.00 round trip. A hot game of ball, Louisville vs. Cincinnati. Special train will leave at 8:30 a. m.

Niagara Falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates.

Sunday rates on the C. H. & D. R. will be one fare for the round trip to all points.

H. J. McGinnis, Ticket Agent.

SUMMER OUTINGS.

Seashore, Mountain and Lake Resorts.

The principal places of summer sojourn along the Atlantic ocean, in the Alleghenys, the Adirondacks, Catskills and mountains of the east, and in the lake region and northern Michigan and the northwest, may be readily reached over the Pennsylvania lines.

Special information regarding the leading resorts and the advantages enjoyed in journeying to them over the Pennsylvania route has been compiled and printed in convenient form. The matter is profusely illustrated with photographic reproductions of seashore scenes, and includes views at Atlantic City, Cape May, Long Branch and other resorts along the Atlantic coast; also of Cresson, Bedford Springs and romantic mountain retreats, and of Potosky, Mackinac and the summer havens in Michigan and the northwest.

Persons contemplating summer outing trips will find in a valuable guide in shaping preliminaries. Copies may be obtained by addressing C. L. Kimball, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O. & W.

Why Suffer with Dyspepsia?

Chas. Broome, 850 South Second St., Philadelphia, says: "It took only two months for Brazilian Balm to cure me of dyspepsia with which I suffered over 30 years. Now I have no pain or stomach cough, and can eat anything. Brazilian Balm beats the world."

Nobody need have Dyspepsia. Get Dr. King's Pain Balm from druggists. "One coat is done."

I want
some more
breakfast
costs less
than a
quarter of a
cent when it's
H.O.

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

ONE SOLID WEEK, COMMENCING
MONDAY, MAY 10th, 1897.

The Superb Dramatic and Comedy Organization.

THE BALDWIN-MELVILLE CO.

Walter S. Baldwin, Manager.
F. P. Ahern, Business Manager.

Opening Monday Night in the Great Comedy.

"THE DEVIL'S WEB."

Change of bill each performance.
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.
MATINEE PRICES—10 AND 20 CENTS.Edison's Animated Pictures shown with
the Macroscope at each performance without
extra charge.Matinee, Wednesday at 3 p. m. and Satur-
day at 2:30 p. m.Ladies free Monday night on a paid 30-cent
ticket.Reserved Seats at Melville's drug store
commencing Friday.Do You Want Employ-
mentAt home or traveling with GOOD PAY!
His, write us for particulars, giving age
and occupation. You can work all or
part time, and the work is LIGHT AND
EASY. Address,

The Hawks Nursery Co.

35-Aimes Rochester.

MONEY TO LOAN!

On City Property.

I can make loans on good business property
and the better class of residence property.
Lowest rate of interest ever offered in Lima.
6 to 8 per cent. Prompt service. No delays.
Be sure and get my terms when you want a loan.
T. K. WILKINS 9-10 Opera Block

LOCAL TIME CARD

Giving time of departure of trains from
the various depots at Lima, corrected
May 12, 1897.

P. P. W. & O. K. E.

No. 4—Going East, Daily, 7:45 a. m.

No. 5—Going West, Daily, 8:30 a. m.

No. 6—Going East, Sunday, 9:00 a. m.

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No. 215—Going West, Sunday, 5:30 p. m.

No. 216—Going East, Sunday, 6:00 p. m.

No. 217—Going West, Sunday, 6:30 p. m.

No. 218—Going East, Sunday, 7:00 p. m.

No. 219—Going West, Sunday, 7:30 p. m.

No. 220—Going East, Sunday, 8:00 p. m.

No. 221—Going West, Sunday, 8:30 p. m.

No. 222—Going East, Sunday, 9:00 p. m.

No. 223—Going West, Sunday, 9:30 p. m.

No. 224—Going East, Sunday, 10:00 p. m.

No. 225—Going West, Sunday, 10:30 p. m.

The Lima Times-Democrat

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN LIMA
Postage Prepaid Anywhere in United States.

OFFICE—THIRD BUILDING,
No. 331 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, NO. 84.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHED BY

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is published every evening (except Sunday) and will be delivered at your supper table each evening under the following terms:

One copy one year, in advance, \$1.00
Six months, in advance, 50c
By carrier, per week, 10 cents

Subscription collections made weekly. Our advertiser will call each week unless some special arrangement be made with him. All advertising accounts must be paid promptly.

The Times-Democrat has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every household in Allen county. The Lima Times-Democrat is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and is rapidly increasing its circulation. Its superiority over all competitors.

The Times-Democrat—The Semi-Weekly Edition issued by the Times-Democrat Company, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains 16 columns of choice literary, editorial, news and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the country. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

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LIMA, OHIO.

HOW WEALTH COMES TO ADVERTISERS



in the TIMES DEMOCRAT



DEMOCRATIC SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

Democrats of the 32nd Senatorial District of Ohio will meet in convention at Delphos, O., Wednesday, May 25th, 1897, at 10 a. m., to nominate two (2) candidates for State Senators.

The committee apportioned the delegates on the basis of one delegate for each 100 votes and one delegate for each fraction of 50 or more votes cast for H. W. J. Bryan.

Under this apportionment the several counties are entitled to the following number of delegates:

Counties	Delegates
Allen	84
Auglaize	49
Belmont	42
Merger	48
Pandling	36
Van Wert	40
Williams	35
Total	334

S. A. ARMSTRONG, Chairman.

FLOYD ATWELL, Secretary.

Whenever there is a scheme of legislation on foot to disturb the business and industries of the country, the manipulators urge it before the working classes on the allegation that it will cause a rise in wages, and as the average of men are more influenced by words and professions than by either investigation or stern and incontrovertible facts, especially if these facts happen to be disagreeable, the argument of higher wages always has great power. Thus the free silver idea gained great strength among the working people by the promise of more money and higher wages, and the protectionists hold a large vote among the working people by the miserable lie that it means the protection of labor. Now, as a matter of fact, in a time of rising prices the wages of labor is the last thing that follows the upward tendency, and in a time of falling prices, the first thing to tumble. There are a superabundance of statistics to prove this fact.

The average protectionist is a hypocrite and a beguiler. But occasionally one arises who is so brutal and candid in his evil work that he roughly blunts out the truth and frankly says to the wage earner: "This is what we are going to do and if you don't like it help yourself." Steve Elkins, Republican senator by the virtue of boodles from West Virginia, is one of the latter class of protectionists. Some men are hypocrites, soft and sweet in speech, and seek to clothe the steel gauntlet in a velvet glove; but Elkins seeks no disguises. Thus in a recent interview he gave

the protectionist explanation of depressed labor and business "high wages." To quote this hypocrite protectionist more fully, he said: "Wages must come down. The railroads get one cent for hauling a ton of coal five miles, for 100 miles twenty cents, less than coal shovellers get for putting a ton of coal into your chute from the cart. Wages in America stand against any revival of business."

It is seldom that the workmen of the country get a glimpse of the truth from the people, who, under federal legislation, are robbing labor and reducing wages and taxing the poor for the benefit of the rich. But right here they are presented with a whole hunk of the truth. A protectionist cannot be a Democrat; he cannot be a friend of the working people; he cannot be a true patriot; he is in plain terms a despoiler of the people, and a subservient tool of the plutocrats.—New Orleans States.

THE OHIO HABIT AGAIN.

If there are enough diplomatic and consular positions to go around it is probable that Ohio politics will eventually be straightened out to the satisfaction of every clique and clan in that hungry state.

Since President McKinley received a plurality of votes Ohio has done nothing but hold out a capacious paw for plums. Every man who cast his ballot for the Canton candidate seems to have the notion that several million voters walked to the polls that he might have a job.

The latest distribution of offices has gone a great way toward satisfying the Ohio appetite. Judge Day has been moved up from a paramount commissioner to Cuba to the assistant secretaryship of state. This move is said to be justified by the fear that John Sherman will collapse under the strain of official duties. Then ex-congressman Bellamy Storer, who was slated for the assistant secretaryship of state, was moved over to the ministerial of Belgium. Which leaves the Hon. J. Frank Aldrich out in the cold without an overcoat.

The Storer displacement by Judge Day, and the shutting out of Mr. Aldrich, are not for the good of the service by a long shot. It is, however, for the betterment of the political condition of Ohio. And what is for the betterment of Ohio politics goes in these glad some spring days. The Hon. J. Benson Foraker is a man of no mean ability in ways political, and back of him is an army that will fight for Foraker, come what may. And though Foraker talked loud for the McKinley cause last November, he loves McKinley not a little bit. Therefore, when Storer's head appeared above the horizon he whacked it good and hard. By the aid of what is foolishly termed "senatorial courtesy," Foraker could keep the Storer man a mile from the pie counter, and he vowed he would.

So President McKinley, who is something of a politician himself, as politicians go, deferred to Foraker's club, and rearranged his official slate. Storer, as a result, goes to Brussels to reside four years, Judge Day will understudy John Sherman, and the Hon. Frank J. Aldrich will feed on snowballs.

It is perhaps none of our business, but we can't repress the thought that if a diplomatic service is for no other purpose than to keep Ohio factions from chewing each other up, the quicker it is abolished the earlier the Ohio problem will solve itself to the entire satisfaction of the forty-three other states.—Chicago News.

NO BREACH OF FAITH.

Bolts are Being Received All They Were Promised by the Republicans.

The Republicans cannot be guilty of any breach of faith with the bolts, for the reason that they are keeping strictly to the terms of the only contract they made with them. All they promised, and all the bolts asked at their hands, was the perpetuation of the gold standard, the means whereby the money power can wax richer and the producers of wealth poorer, and through which wealth can levy usury upon property.

Plutocracy cared nothing about the tariff question last year or any year. And the bolts who took their orders from plutocracy never asked any questions of the Republicans. They were assured that their lords and masters had come to terms with McKinley on the basis of a money standard under which larger quantities of property and labor would be needed to pay debts. The boltocrats organs in the east declared that the tariff had ceased to be a pressing question in politics.—Exchange.

Back to the Waiting!

To the mind of the Republican press of Chicago outrage after outrage will be committed in that city as the long procession of officeholders walks the plank and drops beneath the surface of the cold, dark waters.—Cedar Rapids Gazette.

Incapacitated For Work.

As he climbed into his favorite chair in the barber shop he asked what had become of Shaver.

"Had to quit," replied the boss barber.

"What was the matter?"

"Weak lungs."—Chicago Record.

A NATIONAL SCANDAL.

Our Executives Dominated by Wall Street Influence.

INTRENCHED IN THE WHITE HOUSE

For Twenty Years Gold Gamblers and Bond Syndicates Have Been the Real Power, the Presidents Their Instruments—A Change Foreshadowed.

The dealers in money are naturally in conflict with the dealers in every other kind of property. They manipulate legislation in all countries in such a manner as to increase the value of money by lessening its volume. This cheapens the value of all other kinds of property. The boldest stroke ever made in this direction was the conspiracy which demonetized silver. Until then uncoined silver was worth just as much as the dollars into which it could be coined, and our silver dollars, because of their weight, were at a premium of 3 per cent all over the world.

The price of silver withstood the shock of demonetization in Germany and in the United States, and only commenced to decline when the mints of France were closed against it. This was only 23 years ago. Great Britain demonetized silver more than 80 years ago.

Silver coinage would have been restored in the United States in 1876 but for the old legislative trick of appointing a commission to investigate the subject. The splendid report of that commission in 1877 prepared by its chairman, the Hon. John P. Jones of Nevada, opened the great debate which broke down all opposition in congress and would have resulted in the restoration of the free coinage of silver, but for another Wall street trick. This was the subterfuge of the purchase and coinage of a limited amount of silver instead of its unlimited coinage.

Congress would have fully restored silver at any time from 1879 until 1897 but for the baleful influence of Wall street, which dominated the executive. It has been the scandal of the period that the gold gamblers and the bond selling syndicates of Wall street and their European associates have been intrenched in the White House during the last 20 years. They have been the real power, while our presidents have merely been their instruments. Party organizations have been playthings in their hands, and the people have been amused with discussions of the tariff and election laws and everything else except the one question in which they were most interested.

The quarrel between the Republican stalwarts of New York and the Republican half breeds of Ohio made the election of Cleveland possible in 1884. He commenced his war against silver in a published letter a month before his inauguration. His ridiculous tariff letter

of 1887 insured Republican success the following year, and Benjamin Harrison succeeded him as the representative of Wall street in the White House. Mr. Harrison's administration was perfectly faithful to its gold standard masters, but was only able to stem the flood in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver by the enactment of the Sherman purchase act, which doubled the amount of silver to be purchased monthly by the government.

In 1892 protection ran mad, and the Carnegie riots at Homestead again swept the Republican party from power and returned Mr. Cleveland. His nomination was bought outright by his gold trust principals, and his election was merely a demonstration of the popular wrath against the Harrison administration. Installed a second time in the White House, he and the Republican servants of his Wall street masters co-operated together in the repeal of the Sherman purchase act. The distress brought upon the country by this crowning outrage resulted, as we know, in an uprising of the Democratic masses, his own virtual expulsion from his party by its national convention and the election of a Republican president by the notorious use of money and the general resort to intimidation of voters by many of the great corporations by which they were employed.

The spring elections throughout the western central states have given proof of the weakness of the Republican party when left to its own resources by the millions. In Chicago the Democracy have triumphed with the banner of free silver coinage at the masthead. So in Detroit. In Ohio the city elections plainly show that the Republicans have lost their hold on the state and are shadowed a triumph of the allied friends of bimetalism next November.

Let us not be diverted in the months to come from the one great issue—the restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of silver equally with gold at the ratio of 16 to 1 without consultation with any other nation. Our enemies refuse to meet us in a fair discussion on this great subject, but let us press it home upon them.

The contractionists offer us the bribe of an inflated bank currency. Irredeemable bank notes for borrowers, but gold coin for lenders. Let us teach them that it is not inflation we want, but only the restoration of the volume of money which they struck down. We want no "elastic" currency issued by the banks without any cost to themselves, but we want the sound money of gold and silver, and legal tender government notes redeemable in either at the government's pleasure.

Let the Republicans do the talking on the subject of the tariff and let them bring on prosperity by increased taxation and continued contraction if they can. But those who are not interested in upholding Wall street plans and policies will resume and continue the discussion of the money question and will make war upon the contractionists, by whose policy the country is being strangled.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Reminiscences of Dickens.

It was at the juvenile birthday parties that Dickens seemed in all his glory. At the supper table, in helping some little miss to "trifle," he would assume her with all possible gravity that it was no trifle at all. When the writer, urged to make a little speech on the occasion of Charlie's birthday, came to a full stop at the words "I am sure," Dickens at once came to his assistance and enabled him to retire from the platform, however ungracefully, with the remark, among others, "Always be sure, my dear boy, and you'll get along all right."

At the little theatrical entertainments Dickens was the alpha and the omega of the proceedings. He was sometimes author, adapter, condenser, musical director, manager, prompter, and even stage carpenter. He overflowed with energy.

Dickens, doubtless remembering his own acute sensitiveness as a child, could not wittingly wound a child's feelings. He made fun with, not of, us. No party ever came off at Dickens' without "Sir Roger de Coverley" being introduced. Dickens shouted with laughter as some novice got badly mixed up in "all hands down the middle." Off he darted after the lost sheep—generally an awkward boy—and turned his bluntness to smiles by saying, "What a dancer this boy will make when he's tackled a little more rust beef!" or, "Isn't Tommy a nice young man for a small party?"

There was nothing of the pedagogue about him—no vulgar attempt to pose as the brilliant Boz. He was simply a big boy, and he came down the ladder of his fame to meet his fellows on their ordinary platform—to be one of them in their own simple way for a time.—Harper's Round Table.

The brain of an idiot contains much less phosphorus than that of a person of average mental powers.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to give our sincere thanks to our kind neighbors and friends who so kindly helped us in the sickness of our dear husband and father, and especially to Mrs. D. C. Richmond and family, Mr. Bert Condes and family, and Miss Mattie Lynch, for their beautiful floral tributes.

MRS. FUNK AND CHILDREN.

Our Competitors

Say our guarantee is no good. It's always the hit dog that does the howling. We'll let them howl. We will continue giving the people bargains in bicycles and sundries.

LIMA CYCLE SUPPLY CO.,
217 S. Main St.

Johnson's Swim is open.

7-8t

ICE!

Having been favored with your patronage during past seasons, permit us to return you our thanks for the same. Our ICE for the coming season is of the finest quality produced from pure spring water—pumped direct from the well—and again thanking you for past favors,

We Respectfully Solicit the Continuance of Your Patronage for the Coming Season.

Respectfully yours,

WILLIAM PUGH.

All Orders Promptly Filled.

Telephone 31, Old or New. Office 907 East High Street.

5-23m

Files! Files! Files!

Dr. Williams' Indian File Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumor, always the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian File Ointment is prepared only for Piles and itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail for 40c and \$1 per box. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Prop., Cleveland, O. For sale by H. P. Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

ONE SOLID WEEK.

Commencing Monday night, May 10th. The Superb Dramatic and Comedy Organization.

THE BALDWIN-MELVILLE CO.

Monday Night—"The Devil's Web."

Tuesday Night—"Hazel Kirk."

Wednesday Matinee—"East Lynne."

Wednesday Night—"The Black Flag."

Change of play each performance during the week.

Night prices—10, 20 and 30 cents.

Matinee Wednesday at 3 p. m., and Saturday at 2:30 p. m.

Matinee prices—10 and 20 cents.

Edison's Animated Pictures with the Magnifying Glass exhibited at each performance without extra charge.

Ladies free on Monday night if accompanied by a person with a paid 30 cent ticket.

Seats on sale at Melville's Drug Store.

A Tiger for \$50.00.

Not a wild beast, but a dandy ladies' and gents' "Tiger" Bicycle for that money. Made near Lima. Decidedly up to date and fully warranted.

H. PARRHAM,

m tf 130 east High street.

It is Simply Wonderful

What a nice suit you can get for \$18.00, if you go to the right place to buy. Try Thompson & Gilles, and you will be convinced that the above assertion is correct.

"See Rome and Die."

See Thompson & Gilles' suits to order for \$18.00, then go and see your best girl. Wedding June 3rd. tf

IF YOU HAVEN'T

Attended Michael's Great "Cut Price Suit Sale" you have missed one of the best "money-saving" chances ever presented to the men and boys of Lima. The most skeptical bargain hunters admit this to be a genuine "Cut Price Suit Sale," and their liberal patronage is a walking advertisement for us.

Michael
Opera House Block

G. E. BLUEM.

G. E. BLUEM.

For Honest Dry Goods and the Lowest Prices.

A WONDERFUL DRESS GOODS SALE!

BEGINS HERE

TO-MORROW.

Colored Fancy Dress Goods!

\$1.25 quality, \$1.00 quality, 75c quality all to be sold at one-price to-morrow, which will be

59c

PER YARD.

A bargain that will surely please you. As a rule, such bargains do not last long, and it will pay you to see them soon if convenient.

Think of it—to buy \$1.00 and \$1.25 Fancy Dress Goods for 59c per yard! Such bargains only happen once in a great while.

G. E. BLUEM,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

The Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Cloak House.

WANTED.

FOR RENT—Furnished room. Call at 418 south Tanner street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to 106 south Main street.

AGENTS—Have you friends among manufacturers, painters and others using varnish? Will they help you with orders to first hands? Address, with references, O. K. Varnish Works, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—25,000 shares of the Equitable Gold Mining and Tunneling Company's stock for \$100 cash. Enquire at this office.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms on first floor, with privilege of kitchen for light housekeeping for parties without children. Inquire 131 west Wayne street.

AGENTS—OUTFIT FRANK. No capital needed. One agent one day sold fifty bicycles. Weekly sales pay big profits. We make a high grade bicycle as low as \$20.00. Write quickly, exclusive territory. ALPINE CYCLE CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—Partner with \$10,000, young, middle-aged man not afraid of a little outdoor work. No experience required. Big money for right man. Call between 1 and 4 and 5, or address S. Driscoll, 142 N. Union St.

Evangelist Mitchell

Will preach this evening at the Main Street Church of Christ from the subject, "Will We Know Our Friends in Heaven?" Mr. Mitchell is an eloquent and forcible speaker, as attested to by his successful work and the large audiences which greet him. Notwithstanding the inclement weather of last evening a good-sized audience assembled to listen to his sermon, "How to Read the Bible so as to Understand It."

This for Ladies.

An innovation which will be appreciated by the ladies and children, at the opera house this week, will be introduced in the way of an attendant in the ladies' room each evening and matinee.

Electric fans have also been put in the theater to add to the comfort of all. "The Devil's Web" to-night, "Hazel Kirke" Tuesday night, and "East Lynne" Wednesday matinee at 3 o'clock.

Presbyterian General Assembly—Low Rates via Pennsylvania Lines.

Warsaw, Ind., (Winona Assembly Grounds, Eagle Lake) where the Presbyterian General Assembly will meet this year, is on the Port Wayne Route of the Pennsylvania Lines, over which passengers are landed at the entrance to the grounds. Excursion tickets will be on sale over these lines May 17th to 25th, inclusive. Details regarding rates, time of trains, etc., may be obtained by applying to nearest Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agent, or addressing F. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Four photos for 50 cents at Van DeGrift's.

FIVE DAYS EACH.

George and Joe Jones and William Clark are Cracking Stone.

George and Joseph Jones, the two brothers who were arrested by Detective Roney and Sergeant Watts Saturday morning, and William Clark, a horse trader, arrested later in the day, were arraigned before Mayor Baxter Saturday evening. They pleaded guilty to charges of drunkenness, and were sentenced to a term of five days each in the city work house.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

Mrs. Catherine Reel, who has been seriously ill for several days, is now better.

Andrew Stueber, father of Dr. Stueber, is very ill at his home on north Elizabeth street.

Wm. Nierengarten and Miss Mary Reboullet will be married to-morrow morning at St. Rose church.

John D. Austin, late of the firm Austin & Douglas, has accepted a position as meat cutter at Townsend's market.

Dennis Laue says he was not in the trouble on Holler avenue, and that his fine of \$10.00 was for non-appearance before the mayor.

With a score of 9 to 0 in favor of the Crescents, the ball game between that club and the Marquettes was stopped in the fourth inning by rain yesterday.

The funeral services of Cornelius H. Ransbottom, were held from Grace M. E. Church at two o'clock this afternoon, and the remains were interred in Woodlawn cemetery.

At the present moment Allen county has three Democratic candidates for state senator. They are: A. J. Owens, of Bluffton; O. W. Baker and Byron Bowers, of Lima.

Auditor Walther is in Cincinnati to-day with the county auditors along the line of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad, assessing the value of that company's property in Allen county for taxable purposes.

Mr. Samuel Collins last Saturday received from Chicago the finest carload of young cattle ever brought to Lima. He bought them in Chicago last week. The carload consisted of twenty-six head of yearling steers, which had an average weight of 810 pounds.

Augustus Scherlich, of Ottawa, and who was well known to many in this city, died at his home yesterday morning. He was 66 years old and had been a printer for 54 years. He was connected with the Ottawa Standard since 1850. His funeral will be held at Ottawa to-morrow morning at 8:30 o'clock.

ON THE EXTENSION

Of the Street Railway Men are Now at Work.

About fifty men, with picks and shovels and a steam traction engine, commenced work on west Kibby street this morning excavating for the Solar refinery extension of the street railway. The work is progressing rapidly and the line will be in operation within a couple of weeks.

ARRESTED SATURDAY.

Miss Carrie Epps Files a Charge Against Charley Anderson.

Saturday, in justice Atmure's court, an affidavit was filed, signed by Miss Carrie V. Epps, of the Rowlands addition, who charges Charley Anderson with being the father of her child born April 27th.

Anderson was arrested Saturday evening by constable Munnaugh. He was released under bond of \$400, and the case was set for a hearing next Wednesday.

STREET TALK.

A very handsome sign has been placed above the front of William Tigner's cigar store. The letters are in gold cut in as relief from the board, which is jet black, while the board has a border all around the outside of aluminum. Guy Willower is the artist.

Bar Meeting.

The Bar Association of Allen County, Ohio, will meet this evening in the law library rooms, at 7:30 o'clock. Papers will be presented by Mr. D. J. Cable and Mr. Huber; subject, "A Bill of Exceptions."

Bicycle Riders

Look over this list, you may see something you need:
Wood Handle Bars.
Luminum Dress Guards.
Plew Saddles. (Its nose is soft.)
Sager and Garford Saddles.
Jiffy Repair Tool.
Kokomo Korker.
Common Sense Repair Kit.
B. & Z. Brush Top Chain Lubricant.
Lacing Cord.
Oil and Tubes of Cement.
4 kinds of Lanterns.
Inner Tubes.
Outer Casings.
Any kind of tires.
Single or Double Tube.
Wood Rims, Etc.
Come in and get prices. You will find them at the bottom.
LIMA CYCLE SUPPLY CO.

Four photos for 50 cents at Van DeGrift's.

COURT CONVENED.

For the May Term this Morning—Grand Jury in Session.

Another Condemnation Suit Against the Lima Northern—Jury Goes to Delphos to View Property.

PROBATE COURT.

Robert H. Brooks has been appointed administrator of Melissa Helndle, deceased.

DIVORCE.

Nettie Brown has filed a suit for divorce against William Brown, alleging gross neglect of duty and extreme cruelty on the part of her husband.

CONDEMNATION SUIT.

Another condemnation suit has been filed in the probate court against the Lima Northern railroad. The suit is brought by Simeon Waltz, of Cairo, who claims that his property was injured by the railroad appropriating the use of the street in front of his property. This makes the second condemnation suit brought by Cairo parties.

JURY GOES TO DELPHOS.

Sheriff Fisher, attorney Boby and another jury went to Delphos in a hack this afternoon to view the Shaffer property, which it is claimed was damaged by the Northern Ohio railroad appropriating a street passing in front of that property. The suit is similar to the recent condemnation suits that have been held against the Northern Ohio railroad. The party will return this evening and the case will be up for hearing to-morrow in the probate court.

NOTES.

The grand jury convened this morning at 10 o'clock and from the court received instructions relative to its duties.

The court house was crowded to-day with attorneys, jurors and witnesses.

EXCITEMENT.

(Continued From Eighth Page.)

ers quiet by impressing them with his idea. Major C. T. Dorey, the great natural gas king, has known that oil traces existed, but he has also followed the course of secrecy. He now calls loudly upon the state to head off the development of oil for fear of drowning out the gas. He says that if the oil is developed the days of natural gas in Indiana are at an end. If not developed there will be gas for manufacturing purposes for years.

THE GAS WASTE CASES FILED.

"Prosecutor Scaulon yesterday brought suits against the eight Lima (Ohio) men who own the great oil gusher north of this city," states a dispatch from Anderson, Ind., to the Enquirer. "The action is for \$200 each for violation of the law against gas wasting and \$200 each for waste for the past ten days. At a meeting of Indiana gas companies held in Indianapolis steps were taken to stop further operations in the field on the grounds of waste of gas."

"The threatening clouds have not been sufficient, however, to stop the wild boom. The Devonian Oil Company, of Pittsburg, and George Melly, a brother-in-law of ex-Senator Brice, thought to be representing that millionaire, entered the field yesterday and are taking everything in sight. Derrick outfits are going up in every locality and leases continue to demand good sized cash bonuses. The drills were started yesterday on several wells."

"Oil men have prepared to meet all litigation, and do not seem to have any fears. They cite litigations in other fields in which the same questions were at issue."

STOCK STILL GOING UP.

A dispatch from New York, dated May 8th, says:

Standard Oil stock is now a figure away beyond all previous records. Yesterday's closing price was \$67 1/2, but when the market opened to-day it immediately shot up a point. In another half hour it had gone two points higher, at 11 o'clock was selling at \$71 1/2, with \$111 1/2 openly bid.

OIL MARKET.

Pennsylvania	58
North Lima	51
South Lima	46
Indiana	46

There is some one in almost every neighborhood who is subject to attacks of pain in the stomach or bilious colic. Mr. J. D. Kinney, Warren Center, Pa., used to be troubled in that way. He says: "The attacks were marked by terrible pains, diarrhoea and fainting spells. At such times I suffered exceedingly, until I began using Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, two or three doses of which effected an immediate and lasting cure." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; O. W. Holster, 58 Public Square.

Homeseekers' Excursions.

You can find out all about them by applying to nearest ticket agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or by addressing O. L. Kimball, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O.

A Genuine Bicycle

At \$35; a better one for \$50, and still better at \$65 and \$75; all fully guaranteed. LIMA CYCLE SUPPLY CO., 746 1/2 217 S. Main St.

See

Thompson & Gilles' ad. in this paper.

GARROLL & GOONEY.

Carpets.

This is the Carpet Store of Lima. More Carpets are here, better values are here, more Carpets are sold here than in any other store in this City. Come here if you are needing anything in Carpets and we will save you some money.

House Furnishings.

Such as Window Shades, Lace Curtains, Mattings, Linoleums, Oil Cloth, Curtain Goods and all kind of Draperies can also be found here at money saving prices.

Wrappers.

Ladies' ready-to-wear house dresses and wrappers just received. Special number at 50c, fast color, well made, usually sold at 75c. An exceptional large assortment at 98c, the same grade of material heretofore sold at \$1.25.

Parasols.

Our stock is now complete and includes the latest styles. Prices, 98c to \$8. Children's Parasols 50c to \$1.25.

Suits.

Ladies' tailor-made Suits to-morrow morning at \$3, for an entire Suit, former price \$5. All Suits at reduced prices.

Silks.

Black Silks are a specialty with us. You can always buy Black Silks here at less money for the same quality than elsewhere. The Black Brocaded Silks we are selling at 59c are strictly all silk and are worth 75c a yard.

Ginghams.

Saturday we received a case of 12 1/2 cent Dress Ginghams. They come in small lengths (10 to 20 yards) and will be sold in any length desired at the bargain price of 5c a yard.

White Shirts.

Never have we sold a better garment for the money than the Men's White Shirts (unlaundered) we are now selling at 50c each. They are made of Wamsutta muslin, pure linen bosom, felled seam, shaped body, button protector on back of neck-band—in every respect equal to any 75c shirt ever sold in this city, either by ourselves or others.

CARROLL & COONEY.

ONLY
10c
A
WEEK,

The ...
Daily
Times-
Democrat.

The
Largest.
Newsiest
and

Leading
Paper
of
Lima.

GRANT AT THE MESS TABLE.

He Ate Very Little Meat, but Was Fond of Fruit and Vegetables.

General Horace Porter gives many intimate and familiar pictures of General Grant in his series of articles, "Campaigning With Grant," in the Century. He says of General Grant at the mess table:

About the only meat he enjoyed was beef, and this he could not eat unless it was so thoroughly well done that no appearance of blood could be seen. If blood appeared in any meat which came on the table, the sight of it seemed entirely to destroy his appetite. (This was the man whose enemies delighted in calling him a butcher.) He enjoyed oysters and fruit, but these could not be procured on an active campaign. He never ate mutton when he could obtain anything else, and fowl and game he abhorred. As he used to express it, "I never could eat anything that goes on two legs." Evidently he could never have been converted to cannibalism. He did not miss much by declining to eat the chickens which were picked up on a campaign, for they were usually tough enough to create the suspicion that they had been hatched from hard boiled eggs, and were so impenetrable that an officer said of one of them that he could not even stick his fork through the gravy. The general was fonder of cucumbers than of anything else and often made his entire meal upon a sliced cucumber and a cup of coffee. He always enjoyed corn, pork and beans and buckwheat cakes. In fact, he seemed to be particularly fond of only the most indigestible dishes.

When any fruit could be procured, it was placed on the table by way of helping to ornament it and afterward used as dessert. Between the courses of the dinner the general would often reach over to the dish of fruit and pick out a berry or a cherry and eat it slowly. He used to do this in a sly way, like a child helping itself to some forbidden dish at the table and afraid of being caught in the act. He said one day: "I suppose I ought not to eat a course out of its turn, but I take the greatest delight in picking out bits of fruit and eating them during a meal. One of the reasons I do not enjoy dining out as much as I do at home is because I am compelled to sit through a long list of courses, few of which I eat, and to resist the constant temptation to taste a little fruit in the meanwhile to help pass away the time." Napoleon was famous for eating out of the various dishes before him with his fingers. General Grant's use of the fingers never went beyond picking out small fruits. He was always refined in his manners at table, and no matter how great was the hurry or what were the circumstances of the occasion he never violated the requirements of true politeness.

He ate less than any man in the army. Sometimes the amount of food taken did not seem enough to keep a bird alive, and his meals were frugal enough to satisfy the tastes of the most avowed anchorite. It so happened that no one in the mess had any inclination to drink wine or spirits at meals, and none was carried among the mess supplies. The only beverage ever used at table besides tea and coffee was water, although on the march it was often taken from places which rendered it not the most palatable or healthful of drinks. If a staff officer wanted anything stronger, he would carry some commissary whiskey in a canteen. Upon a few occasions, after a hard day's ride in stormy weather, the general joined the officers of the staff in taking a whisky toddy in the evening. He never offered liquor of any kind to visitors at headquarters. His hospitality consisted in inviting them to meals and to smoke cigars.

Travers and the Dog.

The late Jay Gould used to tell a good story of Mr. William M. Travers. As Mr. Gould related it, he described Mr. Travers going down town to a dog fancier's place in Water street, New York, in search of a rat terrier. The dog fancier scented the value of his possible customer at once and cheerfully dilated upon the merits of the different canines in stock. Finally he selected a rat terrier, assuring Mr. Travers that the dog would go for a rat quicker than lightning. Mr. Travers was rather skeptical as he observed the shivering pup, and the dog fancier noticing this said:

"Here, I'll show you how he'll go for a rat," and he put the dog in a box with a big rat. The rat made a dive and laid out that unfortunate terrier in a second. Mr. Travers turned around to the fancier and said:

"I say, Johnny, what will you take for the rat?"—Harper's Round Table.

Fines Pay County's Expenses.

In Penobscot county, Me., the fines imposed on dealers who violate the liquor law pay all the county expenses. The fines are collected with as much regularity as if they were licenses.

RHEUMATISM.

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is guaranteed to cure acute or muscular rheumatism in from one to five days. Sharp, shooting pains in any part of the body stopped by a few doses. A prompt, complete and permanent cure for lameness, soreness, stiff back and all pains in the hips and loins. Chronic rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago or pain in the back are speedily cured. It seldom fails to give relief from one or two doses and almost invariably cures before one bottle has been used. Price, 25c.

MUNYON'S

Improved Homoeopathic Home Remedy Company put up a separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25 cents. Guide to Health free.

Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice on any disease.

A Loyal Servant.

In spite of the inherent capacity for treachery and deceit we are accustomed to associate with the natives of India, one comes across wonderful and touching evidences of loyalty and devotion. Witness the devotion and faithfulness of our Gurkha regiments during the terrible mutiny, and the thrilling stories of wonderful escapes entirely due to the loyalty of personal servants.

The following true incidents happened lately in Madras: An Indian colonel had a "boy" for 18 years. Having to go home on furlough, he pensioned him and let him return to his family to do nothing for the rest of his life. Returning to Madras, he was informed by a brother officer that his "boy" was as fit as ever and only too anxious to return to duty. Almost before it seemed that a letter could have had time to reach him the "boy" was back in his accustomed place.

For two years he waited on his master as of yore, though his hair was silvered and his back bent. One day the colonel returned from parade and had his wants supplied as usual. His servants on leaving him saluted low, remarking: "Should the sahib want anything more and call, his faithful slave will hear. He berry tired—sleep." When the sahib called, there was no answer. They found him curled on his mat. He had lain down—"tired." He would never be "tired" again. Unaccountably he had followed his sahib. Long marches, want of food, sickness and privation had never aroused a complaint. When death came, he lay down without a murmur.—London Gentlewoman.

Legislating Back His Character.

Sam Davis, in discussing the subject of Indians, told of the rehabilitation of Johnston Sides. Johnston Sides was a chief of the Nevada Indians who made quite a name for himself as a temperance lecturer among his own people. But one day, "being sick," he took a drink of whisky in the Magnolia saloon and was observed by some wicked white men, who straightway started the report in full circulation, and Mr. Sides' reputation bade fair to be gone. But he was an Indian of influence, and, appealing to his white friends, he represented that something must be done else he would become an outcast from his tribe. He acknowledged drinking the liquor, but told the sick man story. Sides had always been a fair sort of an Indian, so, as he pleaded and begged, two or three good fellows in the legislature agreed to fix things so that he could go back to his people in pride of conquest. Accordingly this concurrent resolution was drawn up:

"Resolved, by the legislature of the state of Nevada, the governor concurring, That the drink of whisky taken by Johnston Sides in the Magnolia saloon July 11, 1887, be and is hereby annulled."

Several speeches were made, and old Sides, surrounded by a big gathering of his tribe, sat in the lobby and heard all with profound interest. When the favorable vote was announced, the Indians set up a weird wailing, which was understood to be applause, and, headed by Johnston, the exculpated, they walked out into a sunshine of great happiness.—Chicago Record.

Lightning is most destructive in level, open country. Cities, with their numerous projections and wires, are comparatively exempt.

Baby Screamed One Hour. One Doe Brought Smiles.

MARSHALL, O., Nov. 5, '95.—Hand Medicine Co.—"I cheerfully bear witness as to the virtues of Dr. Hand's Colic Cure. Our baby, now nearly four months old, suffered much from colic. After having screamed with pain for over an hour we came upon Dr. Hand's Colic Cure and gave her a dose of it. In five minutes after taking it she is all smiles, and at night we all sleep. Mrs. F. L. Traphagen, 46 W. Charles St." All druggists, 25c.

A Promising Settler.

"Do you think Skinner can make a living out there?"

"Make a living! Why, he'd make a living on a rock in the middle of the ocean—if there was another man on the rock."—London Tit-Bits.

CASTORIA.

The healthiest and most reliable of all purgatives.

A Warm Friend.

Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure is very hot, but when diluted it is a warm friend indeed to those suffering from bowel complaints. It never fails. 25c. and 50c. H. F. Vorkamp, c. e. cor. Main and North streets.

ANIMALS SHAM DEATH.

File of a Clever Fox That Came to Life and Escaped.

Two cases are on record of foxes being discovered in hen-houses. In each case the fox not only completely deceived the fender, but allowed himself to be dragged out by the brush and thrown down in the one cage in a field and in the other on a dunghill. In each instance the fox then jumped up and ran away. Another example is that of a fox which dangled across a man's shoulder as it allowed itself to be carried along a road for more than a mile. At last it bit the man and was promptly dropped. A cat was observed to carry a weasel home in its mouth, the weasel dangling helplessly. The door of the house was closed, and the cat, in conformity with its usual habit, mewed to gain admission. To mew, however, it had to set down the weasel, which jumped up and fastened on its nose.

The following instance was observed by the late Professor Romanes: A cornerake had been retrieved by a dog, and, having every appearance of being dead, was put in a man's pocket. Presently violent struggles were felt, and the man drew the bird out. To his astonishment, it again hung in his hand limp and apparently lifeless. It was then set upon the ground and watched from behind some cover. In a short time it raised its head, looked around and decamped at full speed. A singular fact that must not be overlooked in connection with this phenomenon is that some animals have been found to be actually dead which were at first thought to be shamming. Romanes, for instance, found this to be the case with a squirrel which he had caught in a cloth and with which he wanted to experiment with regard to the feigning of death.

Sir E. Tennent also relates in his book on the "Natural History of Ceylon" that the wild elephant sometimes dies when being taken from the corral by tame elephants. Further, he relates a case in which, being convinced that an elephant was dead, he had its lashings taken off, and a friend leaning against it the while to rest. Hardly had they left it when it rose hurriedly, and, trumpeting vociferously, rushed off in the jungle. The fact, however, that a squirrel or an elephant when captured unharmed will die is sufficient to show that a most powerful nervous derangement of some sort is induced.

When the late Joseph Thomson lectured on his African experiences, he related how the first buffalo he shot tossed him, and how when he came to himself and tried to sit up he found his antagonist glaring at him a few yards away. He told how he recollected that a buffalo does not try to toss a creature which shows no signs of life, and how he let his head sink slowly back and lay shamming death.

Pheasants in flying across wide stretches of water have been noticed suddenly to fall. In this way they are apparently drowned. It is perhaps dangerous to assert positively that fear is here the active cause of death, yet we are apparently justified in believing that a paroxysm of fear can produce sudden death. The squirrel and the elephant may have died of fright; certainly death in man can be produced by sudden fear, and although man has a much more sensitive nervous mechanism the lower animals have an extremely instinct of fear.

Professor Lloyd Morgan mentions the case of a surface man working in the Severn tunnel who was nearly killed by a train. It is stated that "his attention was so riveted that he was unable to make, or rather he felt no desire to make, the appropriate movements;" that he could not help watching the train, but felt no terror. With the greatest difficulty he managed to shake himself free of his fascination. In describing his feelings when the danger was past he is reported to have said: "I came over all a cold sweat and felt as helpless as a baby. I was frightened enough then." This may perhaps be taken as a catalogue condition without fear.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Amphibious Man.

Man becomes almost amphibious in certain regions. Temperature permitting, he swims as well, dives better, than many animals—better, for instance, than any dogs. The Greek sponge fishers and the Arabic divers must have sight almost as keen below water as that of the sea otter. They have even learned by practice to control the consumption of the air supply in their lungs. The usual time for a hippopotamus to remain below water is 5 minutes. The pearl fisher can remain below 2-1/2 minutes. In a tank a diver has remained under water for 4 minutes. But temperature marks the limits of man's amphibious habits.—London Spectator.

In stipends, salaries and wages to their numerous officers, clerks and staff the corporation of London spends yearly upward of \$500,000.

This is the Package—

remember it. It contains

GOLD DUST

Washing Powder

that cleans everything quickly, cheaply and perfectly.

For economy buy 4lb. package.
THE N. E. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York,
Boston, Philadelphia.



Brazilian Balm

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALM!

Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grippe
LIKE MAGIC.

RADICALLY CURES
CATARRH!

It clears the head of foul mucus; heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and drooping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes

HAY FEVER.

making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the gripple germ and quickly removes all the after bad effect.

INFALLIBLE IN ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPNOEA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID and SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is Inflammation, Fever or Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stops sneezing in 2 minutes. Stops itching in the head and relieves deafness. Acts as injection in female troubles. For outward use heals Cuts, Sores and Burns like magic. Prevents lock-jaw from wounds. QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION and PILES.

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence!

50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.

\$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50c. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 30 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—Gen. J. Purke Pustles. "In croup, cold and the worst form of gripple we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable."—Jno. W. S. Booth, D. D., Pastor Del. Ave. Bap. Ch. "Mrs. Lore has used the Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—Hon. Chas. B. Lore, Chief Justice of Del. "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—Thos. M. Culbert. "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—Mrs. John Satter, Chester, Pa. "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—Judge Edward Woodlen. "I was worn almost to the grave with a raging cough that all the remedies and the doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—Mrs. J. Gallaway, Pittsboro, Pa. "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten 50-cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—Anson Burrell, aged 84. A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS. R. P. JACKSON & CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

Wrisley's
"Old Country"
Soap
BOTH QUANTITY AND QUALITY.
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

Sexine Pills
RENEW LOST VIGOR
SOLD BY WM. MELVILLE, OLD POST OFFICE CORNER.

ERIE
Low Rates for Tennessee Centennial.
The Tennessee Centennial and International Exposition will be in progress at Nashville, Tenn., from May until October inclusive. Special low rate round trip tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania lines for this event. Full particulars concerning fare, dates of sale, time of trains, etc., may be obtained upon application to nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or by addressing C. L. KIMBALL, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O.

Education in the South.
The Rev. Dr. Mayo has declared that "the 16 southern states are today paying as much for the public schools as the British parliament votes every year for the public school system of the British islands—between \$20,000,000 and \$30,000,000." And he adds that since the war the south has expended \$250,000,000 of its own money for education—\$75,000,000 of it for the children of the colored people.—New York Tribune.

Looking Into the Future.
Mrs. Manhattan—What objection have you to marrying Mr. Severance? Mrs. Lakeside—A very serious one. He's paying big alimony already.—Philadelphia Press.

CASTORIA.
The healthiest and most reliable of all purgatives.

THE ROSE FRESHNESS
And a variety of other skin preparations obtained by those who use Pore's Complexion Powder.

A Household Necessity.
No family should be without Foley's Diarrhoea and Colic Cure. Perfectly safe and will give instant relief. Price 25c. and 50c. H. F. Vorkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

Wounded and Paralyzed.

AN OLD VETERAN OF THE WAR AFTER YEARS OF SUFFERING HAS A SHOCK OF PARALYSIS.

From the Press, Lima, N. Y.

Mr. David G. Talbot is a well-known and respected citizen of Oswego County, New York, residing at Edinboro, who three years ago had a stroke of paralysis, which he attributed to the effects of a wound received on the left of June, 1864, before Petersburg, Va., while serving with the New York Heavy Artillery.

The following is his own account of his illness and convalescence, which will be found interesting.

EDINBORO, N. Y., Aug. 31, 1896. "On the fifth day of December, 1893, I was taken with a paralytic shock, which affected the whole of the left side, and I could not speak for three weeks. I was confined to my bed for a long time and constantly attended by a physician, though little relief was experienced. My stomach and the muscles of my throat were much affected. I was wounded in June, 1864, at Petersburg, Va., having then lost three fingers of my left hand, and that always affected me in a marked degree, my arm often becoming numb. I should state that on the day I received the stroke, I had two distinct shocks, the first in the morning, which was so light that the doctor was not at all alarmed, but the second nearly finished me up. Ever since the war I had suffered with nervous debility and my condition was very bad when I was attacked. I am now sixty years old and hardly dared look for anything approaching good health after my life of suffering, but I

now so much said about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in the newspapers, and that they were good for paralysis, that I determined to try them. This I did just one year and four months ago. I shortly followed directions and felt better within a week. I am not the same man I was when I began to take Dr. Williams' medicine. My old comrade Norton, who was in the same company and regiment with me, and was a grievous sufferer from general nervous debility, at my recommendation has taken Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and he has helped him wonderfully.

"I certify on honor that the above statement is true in every particular."

(Signed) DAVID G. TALBOT.

Witness JOHN C. LAPPES.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Have You
Kidney Trouble,
Have You
Bladder Trouble,
Have You
Bright's Disease,
Have You
Diabetes?

TAKE
"SAN-JAK"

IT IS THE GREATEST KIDNEY, NERVE, BLOOD AND CATARRH REMEDY ON EARTH. IT CURES RACKACHE IN 24 HOURS AND A WEAK BACK READILY AND PERMANENTLY. ONE DOSE AT NIGHT GIVES REST AND AVOIDS NIGHT HORRORS AND DREAMS.

Read from a reliable physician:

DR. E. S. BURNHAM.

DEAR DOCTOR.—I beg by this note to return to you my sincere thanks and grateful acknowledgments for the various benefits of SAN JAK, which you were kind and generous enough to send to me during my late illness, of inflammation of the bladder.

SAN JAK possesses wonderful properties, its soothing effect upon the mucous surfaces, is indeed remarkable, it won my confidence after a few doses, and deepened my faith and strengthened my opinion of its transcendent merits.

I found relief from the keen and inexpressible anguish caused by the tenacious cystitis, the most painful and disagreeable feature of bladder troubles.

Your SAN JAK should be in every drug store in this country, and its wonderful properties and curative powers should be known to every physician in this great republic. Another feature in SAN JAK is the agreeable and pleasant taste, very much like Angelica wine. When one suffers for weeks and swallows infusions and fluid extracts hourly which are nauseous, repulsive and abominable to take, he can turn with joy gratitude, and smiling welcome to SAN JAK as a messenger of relief, and a pleasant char to have within call.

Respectfully,

ANDREW J. PARK, M. D.

Chicago, July 1, 1896.

Sold by and money refunded by

S. H. SANFORD.

Druggist, Lima, O.

San Jak Med. Co., Chicago.

Preserves the New Restores the Old

Monarch Polish

For sale by James O'Connor, dealer in all kinds of Furniture and Bicycles 400-401 North Main Street, Lima, Ohio.

FOR EITHER SEX

This remedy being tested directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet, no 5 days, small plain package, by mail, \$1.00

G & G CURE

Wm. McVelle, Old Postoffice cor., Lima O

AMERICAN BALL BLUE

THE BEST WASH BLUE IN USE.

THE AMERICAN BALL BLUE

is not poisonous or injurious to health or fabrics. It is the delight of the laundress, as in bleaching and gives the washing a rich and elegant hue. Beware of imitations. Ask for the genuine.

AMERICAN BALL BLUE

and be sure you get the genuine article, which has a red stripe in the middle of the package.

When the face is overheated or smarted, burns, irritates, etc., bathing with milk will be found very soothing and nice.

The management of the Austrian female prisons is in the hands of female religious order.

A Beautiful Complexion.

If you are suffering from poverty of blood, blood disorders, scrofula, boils, catarrhes, eruptions, pimples, and have a bad complexion, Dr. John W. Bull's Pills are the best constitution remedy that can be employed. They are a perfect purifier and enricher of the blood, a tonic of supreme qualities. They will fortify the system, making it impervious to disease, and give glow to the cheeks and color to the complexion. Dr. Bull's Pills (50 in a box) cost but 25 cents, trial box, 10 cents, at all dealers, or by mail, A. C. Meyer & Co., Baltimore, Md. Some dealer may try to substitute some ordinary cathartic pills; don't be deceived; ask for Dr. John W. Bull's Pills, the only genuine, and take no other.

A gold cross for the peninsular campaign, with the gold clasp for "Talavera," "Salamanca," "Victoria" and "St. Sebastian," was sold in London recently for \$2,750.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heavy Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution

the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills

A COOL SPY.

His Last Cigar Before Execution Was a Most Enjoyable One.

"The coolest spy I ever heard of was captured by my self and a band of men during the civil war," said an old veteran. "We brought him to the commanding officer's tent, and upon his person were found some papers—unimportant but incriminating; a blind, we afterward learned—a couple of cigars and some other articles which need not be mentioned. The commanding officer was puzzled that a man should risk his neck for papers of such little moment."

"You will be hanged as a spy," said the officer.

"No doubt about it," replied the prisoner.

"You confess you are a spy?"

"Oh, yes. It's a matter of no importance. Won't you smoke with me, general?" indicating the two cigars.

"Well, I like your impudence," roared the general. "However, I don't mind if I do." He lighted one of the cigars. The prisoner's eyes rested wistfully on the other weed, and the general noticed the glance. He was a kind hearted though eccentric man and said:

"Smoke the other yourself, prisoner. It's the last consolation you'll have, for you will undoubtedly be condemned to be shot."

"For some moments they smoked, talking about general matters. Then the general snuffed."

"These cigars are not very good."

"I must apologize for the quality, general," said the prisoner meekly.

"The tobacco seems good, but there's a peculiar flavor."

"That's because the weed is very green, general."

"Humph!" grunted the general, not altogether pleased but still puffing.

"Finally the officer threw away the lighted stump, and the prisoner did likewise."

"Thank you, general," said the prisoner. "You have performed an inestimable service for the Confederacy."

"What do you mean?" roared the general.

"That you have consumed in smoke a most important dispatch, and that I have smoked up another."

"What! Those cigars contained important dispatches?"

"Yes, these other papers are merely a blind. You held in your hand, general—mockingly—"information which would have made you one of the greatest men in the northern army. That information you have converted into smoke, the smoke which is wafted so hospitably about our heads at this moment."

No wonder you objected to the flavor of the cigar, general, for within the tobacco was placed a long dispatch in the finest tissue paper. What was in the dispatch, general? Read it in the smoke above our heads. What words do you see in these unpalatable clouds? Thank you, general, for a most pleasant half hour. My last smoke was the most agreeable one in my life. The tobacco tissue paper mixture tasted more fragrant to me than the finest Carolina snuff could have done. Adieu! Long live the Confederacy!"

—Detroit Free Press.

Giving to the Blind.

Maurice Barrymore and some person with whom he had business dealings were walking down Fifth avenue together. They passed a blind man, who stood with a tin cup in his hand and a sign to explain the situation on his breast. The man, whom Barrymore was trying to impress, stopped. With great deliberation he drew a handful of silver from his pocket. After shuffling and searching it over for some time he at last found a nickel, which he dropped in the tin cup. Then he replaced the silver in his pocket and slowly buttoned his coat. Barrymore, who was irritated at the interruption, said, "Oh, come along."

The philanthropist looked at him full in the eyes. "Barrymore," he said slowly and distinctly—rather loudly, too—"I always give to the blind."

"You are quite right," said Barrymore quickly. "They can't see what you are giving them."

San Francisco Argonaut.

Accommodating

Some of the Cape Colony natives have great ideas as to the baptismal names in which their children should be registered. A Port Elizabeth paper states that the other day a native named Kibaboo registered his child as May Rhodes, while another child, a male infant, was registered as Christopher Columbus Gwaxo. It is not so long since an eccentric parent desired to have his child baptised as Father shall-bash-baz. The minister was nonplussed.

"May I not have my child baptised in any name I like?" asked the angry father.

"Oh, certainly," replied the minister. "Say the word, and I'll baptize him in whatever you wish it."

—Parson's Weekly.

Up in Smoke.

The people of the United States smoke 115,000 tons of tobacco a year, to say nothing of cigarettes.

—Boston Transcript.

TWAIN AS A REPORTER.

The First Pen Name Used by the Humorist Was "Josh."

Mr. Clemens' first pen name, when he commenced to write for Joe Goodman's Territorial Enterprise in Virginia City, Nev., about 1864, as correspondent from Esmeralda district where he named for a living was Josh. The fun and humor that bubbled up in his letters tickled the Washoeites and made the paper sought after. They sent for him, and he came, gladly relinquishing the pack and shovel, the windlass and the bucket, for the journalist's pen. Mr. Clemens came to Virginia City dressed in the usual garb of a miner, well worn at that, and demeaned himself with all a miner's freedom. He had also, in a greater degree than subsequently, the exceptional drawl in his speech which he chose to consider one factor in the sum of his distinctive individuality. He took readily to reporting the varying fortunes of the mining community and strengthened the writing force on The Enterprise materially, while at the same time availing himself of legitimate opportunities to acquire "feet" in the Comstock and shares in different outlying mines. He was accounted quite rich in this kind of property at one time. With liberal remuneration for his work, his personal appearance rapidly improved, and he grew to be a swell in a mild way, besides clearer in speech as well as in dress.

Becoming dissatisfied with his pen name Josh, he changed it to Mark Twain, by which at the present day he is known in the literature of the world.

About 1864 Mr. Clemens came to San Francisco. It cannot be said he made many friends in Nevada. There were some who affected his company on account of his writings, but he had not the faculty of winning friendship. Before he arrived in the city he had accumulated, as before stated, a good deal of money, every stiver of which he sunk in Hale & Norcross. Then he took up the burden of literary life again. He wrote San Francisco letters to his old paper, The Territorial Enterprise, and for some real or fancied cause attacked the local police so persistently and fiercely that Martin G. J. Burke, who was chief of the force at the time, brought a suit for libel against the paper. Such venomous communications as Mr. Clemens wrote on this subject have rarely been penned. They made the official equanimity of the old city hall boil like a caldron of asphaltum, the fume and stench being in proportion. He also contributed for Charles Webb ("Ingo") to The Californian for The Golden Era, and did all sorts of literary work whereby he could turn a cent. It was a terrible uphill business, and a less determined man than himself would have abandoned the struggle and remained at the base. Mr. Clemens was at Steamboat Springs, Nev., for his health, when the letter was written offering him a place on The Call. He came down shortly after, but judging from his appearance fortune had been playing scurvy tricks with him in the interim. Without doing the gentleman any injustice it can be freely stated that although at the time a good general writer and correspondent, he made but an indifferent reporter. He only played at itemizing.

Considering his experience in the mountains he had an inexplicable aversion to walking, and in putting his matter on paper he was, to use his own expression, "slower than the wraith to come." Many funny and characteristic incidents occurred during his few months' stay on The Call. He only wanted to remain long enough, he said, when he engaged to go to work, to make "a stake," but on leaving his purse was no heavier than when he came. The most notable thing he did that can now be recalled was a philippic against some undertaking employees, where the morgue happened to be, for the deadhouse in those days, like the old fashioned plan with the country schoolmistress and the villagers, was boarded round, each undertaker accommodating the corner in turn. It appears some one about the place refused to give Mr. Clemens information or to let him see "the state," and next morning he got such a dose, commencing "these body snatchers," that a general apology was immediately made by every man in the establishment. The proprietor was cast at the time, but when he read the article he snatched, as he confessed afterward, and considered his business ruined. Mr. Clemens parted from The Call people on the most friendly terms, when it was found necessary to make the local department more efficient, admitting his reportorial shortcomings and expressing surprise that they were not sooner discovered. —San Francisco Call.

Journalism in Greece.

The new-papers of Greece the kingdom of George I, do not take very high rank in Europe, either in respect to their progressive features or their extensive circulation. The standard size of a Greek newspaper is 12 1/2 by 9 inches, and there are usually four pages devoted to discussion of political and the local matters, with an occasional reference to local occurrences, when adequate corroboration has been obtained.

Athens, the capital of Greece, has about the same population as Grand Rapids. The ancient Greek city maintains, however, nine daily newspapers, not one of which has more than 5,000 circulation. The names of these papers are themselves a fair indication of the solemnity which covers the periodical publication business in Greece.

These are The Ora (The Hour), The Plinthenesia (Regeneration), Neol Ideal (New Ideas), Avon (The People), Tona (Morning) and Telegrafos (The Telegram). There are, moreover, in Athens two weekly papers published in the French language Le Journal d'Athènes and Le Messager d'Athènes. These two newspapers are designed especially for the enlightenment, instruction and perusal of tourists and resident diplomatists.

The partiality of such diplomatists for a weekly newspaper published in a language other than Greek may be understood when the fact is known that the title of the chief Athenian weekly newspaper is as follows: Epithoriss Philologia Kai Politiki. The circulation of this journal is not so extensive as its name would indicate. In Corfu, a city larger than Athens, and which does an extensive commerce with foreign countries, there is published the Ametsliptos (The Voice), and in the town of Thessalonis is published a journal with the odd title of the Provisional Voice.

The town of Zante is chiefly known in the United States on account of its currents, and it would be a not unreasonable inference that at least one of the two papers published in Zante had a commercial or at least conventional title. But the Greeks in journalism, as in other literature, are nothing if not serious, and so the publishers of these two papers call them respectively The Agon and Elpis. The English equivalent of the former is The Struggle, of the latter the English equivalent is Hope. There is a marked lack of originality in newspaper nomenclature in the Greek town of Patras. It has three newspapers—one daily, one weekly and one biweekly. They are published separately, and in fact in opposition to each other, and their titles are The Globe, The Hemisphere and The World.

In the town of Patras, which has about the same population as New Bedford there is one newspaper, with the extensive title of Empoukos Parafritas, and in the ancient illustrious and historic town of Sparta there are The Peloponnesiakos Astir and The Lopenissiakos Eos.

Journalism in modern Sparta is somewhat astronomical, the significance of one of the Sparta papers being The Peloponnesian Star and of The Peloponnesian Aurora. The Greek newspapers deal sparingly with the commodity of news, and uncorroborated narratives obtain space in Greek dailies only under the head of advertisements.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Prompt Lesson.

Some years ago there was in a western town a judge whose ideas of the majesty of the law at the time of his accession to office were unbounded and his sense of his own importance as the representative of justice was also great.

At one time two persons quarreled in the judge's presence. One man struck the other, and the judge immediately ordered his arrest on a charge of assault and battery.

On the day of the trial the defendant pleaded, "Not guilty."

Instantly the judge, who was a short, stout man with on his feet, crimson face and puffing with indignation.

"What do you mean?" he demanded of the prisoner without any preamble. "What do you mean by saying that when I saw you and had you arrested? I'm, you seen for breach of peace and another story for contempt of court, sir. I reckon," said the judge, his nostrils dilating with rage and injured dignity, "I reckon that if you talk to be careful how they call this court a hat."

A Modern Dilemma.

The Rev. Multiple Ethics.—But, my dear Mrs. Safe-side, you do not bring your husband to church as frequently as you used to do.

Mr. Safe-side (answering for himself): Well, to tell the truth, you up to date ministers are preaching such unorthodox sermons that if I went to church regularly I'm afraid my faith might get shaken.—New York Tribune.

JOURNALISM IN GREECE.

Some of the Newspapers of the Island of Rhodes.

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Mr. Safe-side (answering for himself): Well, to tell the truth, you up to date ministers are preaching such unorthodox sermons that if I went to church regularly I'm afraid my faith might get shaken.—New York Tribune.

THE STUDIOUS GIRL.

AN INTERESTING LETTER FROM A YOUNG LADIES' COLLEGE.

Scene Between the Gates for Education, Health Impaired by Excessive Study.

The race between the sexes for education is to-day very close.

Ambitious girls work incessantly over their studies, and are often brought to a halt, through having sacrificed the physical to the mental.

Then begin those ailments that must be removed at once, or they will produce constant suffering. Headache, dizziness, faintness, slight vertigo, pains in the back and loins, irregularity, loss of sleep and appetite, nervousness and blues, with lack of confidence; these are positive signs that women's arch enemy is at hand.

The following letter was received by Mrs. Pinkham in May, one month after the young lady had first written, giving symptoms, and asking advice. She was ill and in great distress of mind, feeling she would not hold out till graduation, and the doctor had advised her to go home.

College, Mass.

You dear Woman—

I should have written to you before, but you said wait a month. We are taught that the days of miracles are past. Pray what is my case? I have taken the Vegetable Compound faithfully, and obeyed you implicitly and am free from all my ills. I was a very sick girl. Am keeping well up in my class, and hope to do you and myself credit at graduation. * * My gratitude cannot find expression in words. Yours sincerely

GLAD, MARY

P. S. Some of the other girls are now using the Compound. It benefits them all.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the only safe, sure and effective remedy in such cases, as it removes the cause, purifies and invigorates the system, and gives energy and vitality.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.

Pittsburgh to Chicago.

Chicago to Pittsburgh.

Eastward.

Pittsburgh to Chicago.

Chicago to Pittsburgh.

Eastward.

Pittsburgh to Chicago.

Chicago to Pittsburgh.

Eastward.

Pittsburgh to Chicago.

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Chicago to Pittsburgh.

Eastward.

Pittsburgh to Chicago.

Chicago to Pittsburgh.

Eastward.

Pittsburgh to Chicago.

Chicago to Pittsburgh.

Eastward.

SHIRT WAISTS...

... SATURDAY MORNING

we threw open the largest and finest display of new Shirt Waists ever attempted in a store, and the many customers already in attendance have been generous with their praise. Our Waists are up to the high standard always maintained by us, which means they are right in every way. One of the principal features of our stock lies in exclusiveness of the patterns, while the finish, fit and style is unexcelled in Lima or the world for that matter.

THE METELLUS THOMSON DRY GOODS CO.

Stores, 233-235 North Main Street, Lima, Ohio.

TWO EYES—TWO EYES—TWO EYES—TWO EYES—

Don't Deceive Yourself

In thinking you have perfect eyesight, when in the same breath you admit you are unable to enjoy reading the evening paper.

Few People Have Eyes Alike

Nine-tenths of those who wear glasses have "different vision in each eye." We examine each separately and we know we can do you good.

MACDONALD & CO.

OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER

TWO EYES—TWO EYES—TWO EYES—TWO EYES—

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHED BY

COUNTING ROOM 231 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been or Are Going.

Frank Ashton spent Sunday in Celina.

Wilbur Fisk was in St. Marys yesterday.

Mart Muller was in St. Marys yesterday.

Wright Wallace spent Sunday in St. Marys.

O. F. Ramsayer spent Sunday with Sidney friends.

Attorney E. F. Lewis was in St. Marys yesterday.

Joe Bennett and wife spent Sunday in St. Marys.

Harry Botkins was a Wapakoneta visitor yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Griffin spent Sunday in St. Marys.

Herman Eckhart spent Sunday with friends in Piqua.

John Graft and Jacob Fuchs spent Sunday in Wapakoneta.

Arthur Eise and "Pude" Kennedy were at Minister yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Harley visited friends in St. Marys yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Fox, spent Sunday with friends in Piqua.

Miss Minerva Musselman spent Sunday with friends in Van Wert.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Longworth came home from St. Marys last evening.

Harry C. Hopkins, of Defiance, spent Sunday with friends in the city.

Charles Mooney, of the Buckeye Pipe Line Office, spent Sunday in St. Marys.

Joe Laller, Dan Ebling, P. O. Beck and Chas. Mooney were at Celina yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Fouser spent Sunday in Tipppecanoe City and Milanburg.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Kraft, of east Kibby street, spent Sunday with friends in Sidney.

Frank McFarland, of north Main street, spent Sunday with relatives in Wapakoneta.

George and Fred Wood and Dave Reed and their lady friends spent Sunday at Roundhead.

About thirty Lima people spent Sunday at the Lewistown reservoir and came home in the rain.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Copp and daughter Neoma, returned last night, after a visit of ten days in Franklin, Ohio.

Mrs. W. S. Robinson, of Bradford, Pa., is the guest of her brother, J. P. Caldwell, and wife, of west Kibby street.

F. O. Gots, local agent for the Fraternal Beneficiary Association, went to Delphos this morning to deliver to Mrs. Belle DeLong, widow of the late Herman DeLong, who was shot by Cliff Teegarden, a playmate.

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MICHIGAN ROADS

That are Being Added to the Brice System.

THE C., H. & D. OUTWITTED

In the Capture of the Control of the Mackinac—Small Accident on the C. H. & D.—Other Railroad News of Local Interest.

The Indianapolis Journal contains the following: "The statement that the Brice syndicate had secured control of the Detroit & Mackinaw railway, which extends from Bay City to Alpena, 130 miles, and has under construction the extension to Mackinaw, meets with a vigorous denial. The report goes on to say that the Detroit & Mackinaw was to be connected with the Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw, which is a Brice syndicate line, by building from Jackson via Lansing to Bay City. One who knows the situation fully, says that the Detroit & Mackinaw does not belong to the Brice combination, but to J. P. Morgan & Co. and is not in the market. It is true, however, that Mr. Brice is gathering a few Michigan railroads into his fold, and the Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw is one of them. The road runs between Cincinnati and Jackson and from Addison Junction to Allegan. It is understood that Mr. Brice intends to extend his line to Alpena, or possibly to Muskegon or Grand Haven, either of which would give him excellent lake facilities. It is said that Brice made the purchase of the Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw to prevent it from falling into the hands of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, which had its eye on the prize, evidently regarding it as a valuable conjunction. Brice now owns the Lake Erie & Western and Northern Ohio, a comparatively new road, which runs between Akron and Cleveland. It is evident that the Hon. Calvin Brice, who won his spurs in the railroad arena when he paralleled the Lake Shore between Chicago and Buffalo with the Nickel Plate, and forced Vanderbilt to buy it at a figure which made him several times a millionaire, is laying his ropes to become one of the great big railroad kings. W. E. Haddock, general solicitor of the Brice lines, left for Ohio yesterday to meet the Brice people, who are on a western trip."

TRAIN BROKE IN TWO.

North bound passenger train No. 62 on the C. H. & D. due here at 10:20 p. m., was delayed one hour last night at the north end of the long siding at Botkins, the delay being caused by a north bound freight train breaking in two on the hill half way between Wapak and Botkins. The passengers on board were delightedly entertained while they waited, with some select frog music, which came from a near by pond. The large number of Lima passengers on board did not reach their homes until midnight.

TO USE THE C., H. & M.

The Lima Northern is making preparations to string its wires on the C., H. & M. poles from Tecumseh to Britton. This indicates that the Lima Northern will use the C., H. & M. between the two points. Superintendent of telegraph Allen is out on the lines getting the C., H. & M. poles ready for the Lima Northern wires.

NOTES.

A railing is being erected around the grass plat at the C. & E. depot. O. E. Hopping has resigned his position as brakeman on the L. E. & W.

William Shultz, engineer on the C., H. & D., is still laying off on account of sickness.

Auditor Hathaway and general manager Roser, of the Lima Northern, went to Adrian, Michigan, last night on a special train.

Passenger engineer Chas. Nutting, of the L. E. & W., is laying off and engineer Ruby Peck is running the 9 on passenger.

Chas. Reed's engine, 426, of the C., H. & D., after receiving complete repairs, was turned out of the shops to-day. It will make a trial trip tomorrow.

The Craig case will come up for its next hearing during the June term in United States court at Toledo. The case will be tried before Judge Hammond this time.

N. J. Weiss, chief clerk of Supt. S. B. Floeter, of the C. H. & D., is organizing a C. H. & D. ball club which will contain some of the best base ball talent in the city. It will no doubt be one of the very best clubs in the city.

John Slusser, of the C. H. & D. shops, and fireman Geo. Ireland, with several other Lima boys, were at the reservoir last week playing hide-and-seek with the funny tribe. The last of the week the boys say Slusser and Ireland suddenly decided to return to Lima, Slusser informing the boys that it was necessary for him to be here in order for the Shamrocks to win the first game of base ball. Ireland was even more anxious to return, in order to attend to certain social duties that are imposed upon him each Sunday.

Conductor Frank Strohl, of the L. E. & W., and Jimmy Sanders and Arthur Stucky started home from

St. Marys on bicycles, last evening, and were caught between Lima and Wapakoneta in the heavy rain which commenced about 7:15 o'clock. They found shelter beneath the roof of a farmer's fodder shed and fell asleep upon a bed of corn stalks. Their dreams were pleasant, especially Sanders', who thought that as usual he was spending the evening with his Sunday girl. He dreamed of kissing his sweetheart good-night and even felt the moist imprint of her lips, and then awoke to find the ugly snout of a friendly hog rooting him in the face. It was 4 a. m., and the bikers walked on to Lima.

CLEVELANDER-REYNOLDS.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Young Attend a Putnam County Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Young, of south Main street, have returned from a few days' visit in Putnam county, where they attended the Cleveland-Reynolds wedding.

On Wednesday afternoon the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds was the scene of a very pretty wedding, when their eldest daughter, Miss Lillie, was united in holy wedlock with Mr. John F. Cleveland. A beautiful wedding march was rendered by Miss Maud Sites as the bridal party entered the room. The marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. Knoffinger of the Christian church. The 75 guests in attendance were presented, after which they were served with an elaborate wedding supper. The bride looked charming in a handsome wedding gown of white brocade silk. The groom wore the conventional black.

Both belong to prominent wealthy families of Putnam county. On Thursday at the elegant home of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin F. Cleveland the guests were served a sumptuous 6 o'clock dinner. The young people have some warm friends in our city.

VISITED LIMA.

J. W. Clark, Who is Trying to Win a Big Wage.

J. W. Clark, who is trying to cover a distance of 60,000 miles within one year and thereby win a wage he has with the Bronson, Mich., Journal, is in the city. Under the agreements of the wage, Clark must not accept assistance from anyone without working for it. He is required also to pay his fare wherever he travels and show a receipt for the number of miles paid for. He earns his money by scene painting, and is quite an artist in that line. He started last July and upon his arrival here had covered 42,073 miles, and therefore he must yet travel 17,927 miles before his year is up. He is confident of winning, but says he would never again make such an undertaking for any amount of money. He has been through thirty-eight states, experienced the big fire at Knoxville, Tenn., the recent Mississippi floods and lost ten days in New Orleans by being hit by an electric car. He goes from here to Ft. Wayne.

PLEASURE RIDES

Can Be Taken on the Street Railway at a Cheap Rate.

Commencing Wednesday, and continuing during the season, the street railway will institute a system of excursion rates that will be hailed with delight by many citizens.

A person can board a car on either the Market street line or the Main street and Hoyer's lake line, and make an entire round trip for five cents. This is done to give the citizens the advantage of a pleasure ride. No doubt the people will take advantage of it, especially on warm evenings. A person can board a car on north Main street and ride to Hoyer's lake and return, or can board a Market street car at the square or any point and ride to the cemetery, back to the O. S. depot, and then to the place of starting, for five cents.

The line from Market street to the cemetery has been laid with the new sixty-foot rails, and is being put in excellent condition. During the summer season new thirty-foot cars will be in use.

The company is abundantly supplied with power, which is capable of drawing heavily loaded cars without a loss of time.

High School Lecture.

Hon. C. M. Anderson, of Greenville, Ohio, will deliver his celebrated lecture on NAPOLEON, for the senior class of the High School, at Trinity M. E. Church on Friday. Admission 25 cents.

Ladies' Auxiliary.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will meet in the association parlors Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Mrs. S. W. VAN CLEVELAND, Pres. Mrs. R. W. MEELY, Sec'y.

If You Contemplate purchasing an iron fence or lawn settee write to the Grandall Fence and Iron Co., Sandusky, Ohio. They guarantee work to be first-class.

Get Your Season Tickets

For Johnson's Swimming School. A long hot summer before us. Tickets Adults, \$5.00; children, \$1.00 5 ct.

Pay your gas bill to-day and save the discount.

EXCITEMENT

Still Prevails in the Alexandria Oil Field.

THE GREAT CARVER WELL

Is Still Going at a Lively Rate—Individual Suits Filed Against the Owners—Oil Men Ready to Meet the Litigation.

The excitement in this field is unabating says a dispatch from the Alexandria, Ind., oil field. Derricks are going up on every side of the great gusher, and leases are being recorded as fast as the officials can receive them. The figure on leases still climbs higher for desirable locations, and as high as \$16 per acre aside from the one-sixth royalty, has been paid. There will, as a matter of course, be something of a lull now until the decision in the litigation has been handed down. Almost all of the land is under lease anyway and the farmers have got their money. The big gusher is still going at a gusher gait. It has dropped but very little. The oil, however, has fallen off slightly in quality, but is still being accepted by the Standard after a little steaming. The tanks have been up for one week now, and the well has only been partially open, yet the Standard has accepted 61 cars of the new product, and shipped it to Whiting. Every day the experts are becoming convinced, more and more, that the new find will develop into one of the greatest territories in the country if they are allowed to proceed. It seems that they have only to puncture the Trenton rock to get an endless flow of dollars. It has been found that there are even more favorable traces of oil farther north, and that there are numerous wells which have been throwing off barrel after barrel of oil. State Gas Inspector Leach has, he says, noticed oil running from the gas mains in small pools in these sections for the past year. He has been a strong believer in the theory that it would be a sorry day for gas when oil was brought in, and has not only kept the matter quiet himself, but has also been able to keep the farm-

Continued on Fifth Page

RESULT OF BOOZE.

Wanted a Drink and Made a "Rough House" When It Was Refused Him.

Yesterday a young man named Sweeney, together with two friends, went into the White Front saloon, and the former, who was somewhat under the influence of liquor, wanted a drink. It was refused him and he promptly created a disturbance. After breaking a window glass and cutting his hand and severely injuring one of proprietor Zimmerman's hands, and the latter had tried to quiet him, he was locked up by sergeant Watts.

WEDDED TO-DAY

Miss Maude Goldsberry Becomes the Bride of a Findlay Man.

At 11 o'clock to-day, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Sadie Pyle, on Nye street, Mr. Frank J. Edwards, of Findlay, and Miss Ella Maude Goldsberry, daughter of Mrs. Belle Goldsberry, of the O'Connor block, were married.

Mr. Edwards is a druggist at Findlay, where he and his bride will make their home.

Pay your gas bill to-day and save the discount.



Fifty Years Ago.

President Polk in the White House chair, while in Lowell was Doctor Ayer, both were busy for human weal. One to govern and one to heal. And, as a president's power of will sometimes depends on liver pills, Mr. Polk took Ayer's Pills to treat his liver, 50 years ago.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

were designed to supply a model purgative to people who had so long injured themselves with gripping medicines. Being carefully prepared and their ingredients adjusted to the exact necessities of the bowels and liver, their popularity was instantaneous. That this popularity has been maintained is well marked in the medal awarded these pills at the World's Fair 1893.

50 Years of Cures.

HIS NATIVE LAND

Max Michael Will Visit—He Will Tour the Continent on a Bicycle.

Max Michael left this morning for Detroit, where he expects to meet a friend with whom he will leave within a few days to visit his parents in Germany. He will spend the summer on the continent. After visiting his parents he and his friend will tour the country on bicycles, visiting all places of interest and prominence. The boys anticipate a delightful trip, and will return early next fall.

FROM A LOAD OF HAY

A Young Boy Falls and Dislocates His Left Elbow.

Seth Adgate, the 12-year old son of Hart Adgate, a farmer living near the Children's Home, met with a very painful accident yesterday afternoon.

The boy was playing on a load of hay and fell to the ground, fracturing his left elbow. Dr. Hoyer was called and reduced the fracture.

BLACK DRESS GOODS

at

G. E. Blum's

It gives us great pleasure to inform our patrons that to-day we put on sale several new choice designs in Black Dress Goods, which surpass anything heretofore shown. We carry a large line of Black Dress Goods and it gives us great pleasure to show them. They are now on our counters for your inspection. Here is where you should buy your Black Dress Goods if you want the best and at the right price.

Johnson's Swim is open.

7 ct

W. N. Boyer, M. D.

HOMEOPATHIST.

Office, Room 10, Cincinnati Block. Residence, 317 west North street. Telephone in office and residence 321 Jan.

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